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ABSTRACT

Eleven program outlines of elective English curriculums for grades 7-12 are collected in this package to serve as a convenient resource of examples of a variety of elective programs in English. Types of programs included range from non-graded "mini-electives," available 2 days a week, to curriculums made up of 30 twelve-week phase-elective courses. One of the program descriptions includes an "Attitudinal Inventory" given to students at the beginning and end of the elective curriculum's trial period. The program outlines represent both large and small schools, public and private, as well as a State Department of Public Instruction. Rationales for instituting electives, annotations of course ticles, and explanations of the scheduling of courses are included in the descriptions. A bibliography of articles and guides on elective English programs is appended. (See also FD 041 182 for another compilation of elective English program descriptions.) (LH)



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ELECTIVE EMGLISH PROGRAMS

IN

JUNIOR AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

Eleven Program Descriptions

Compiled by Linda Harvey at

The ERIC Clearinghouse on the Teaching of English National Council of Teachers of English 1111 Kenyon Road, Urbana, Illinois 61801

April 1971



This compilation of 11 elective English program outlines is the second collection of its kind. A previous one containing 14 different program descriptions is now available from the ERIC Document Reproduction Service.*

These program descriptions were sent to NCTE/ERIC by English supervisors in junior and senior high schools in response to our call for information about existing or proposed elective programs. Many other descriptions received have already been put into ERIC—individually or as part of the first compilation. Consequently, the ERIC file at present contains a substantial amount of information regarding elective English programs. To avoid "loading" the ERIC system with similarly-designed and written curriculums, we looked for unique features in the program outlines to be included in this second compilation. The programs, however, underwent no further evaluation; their prose, only minor editing. The descriptions have merely been compiled into this package to serve as a single, convenient resource for examples of elective programs in English, including rationales for instituting electives, annotations of course titles, and explanations of the scheduling of courses.

The 11 programs highlighted in this collection are here for the following reasons:

- 1. The Lake County (Florida) English Program proposes phased semester courses for grades 7 and 8, and a non-graded phase-elective curriculum for grades 9-12.
- 2. The Illing Junic High School (Manchester, Conn.) is experimenting with 1-period-a-week elective courses for 7th and 8th graders.
- The Poway (California) High School course of study outlines 24 semester, elective courses for grades 9-12.

^{*}Linda Kibicek, comp. Elective English Programs in Junior and Sentor High Schools. Champaign: NCTE/ERIC, Sept. 1970. Write EDRS, Leasco Information Products, Co., 4827 Rugby Ave., Bethesda, Maryland 20014; ask for ED 041 182. Send 65¢ for a copy on microfiche or \$6.58 for a paper copy.



- 4. With only three English teachers, the Leitchfield (Kentucky) High School has a phase-elective English curriculum of 9-week courses for its 165 eleventh- and 12th-graders. The description of its program includes an Attitudinal Inventory given to students at the beginning and end of the curriculum's trial period.
- 5. Twelve-week, phase-elective courses (30 in number) for grades 11 and 12 are offered by the Scottsville (Kentucky) High School.
- 6. The Franklin (New Hampshire) High School's phase-elective English program provides for 18-week courses; 17 different ones will be offered each semester for grades 9-12 and no specific course is required.
- 7. Another example of 18-week course offerings is the program for sophomores, juniors, and seniors at Bozeman (Montana) High School which includes both elective and required courses.
- 8. Non-graded "mini-electives" are available--2 days a week--to students in grades 10-12 at Fayetteville-Manlius (New York) High School.
- 9. The Walter Hines Page Senior High School (Greensboro, N.C.) has designed an elective program stressing "behavioral objectives rather than textbooks."
- 10. Half-year electives in grades 11 and 12 are incorporated into the language arts guide put out by the North Dakota Department of Public Instruction.
- 11. Loretto High School (Louisville, Ky.) is a small parochial high school of about 270 girls, 60% of whom will not go to college. The English program is divided into 6-week units, enabling a girl to take 18 English courses in 3 years.



ELECTIVE ENGLISH PROGRAMS

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Lake County English Curriculum Program Lake County, Florida

Grades 7-12

1970-1971



CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT REPORT--- LAKE COUNTY ENGLISH CURRICULUM PROGRAM, ERAPCS 7-12
1970-71
LAKE COUNTY, FLORIDA

Present Stene of Program Davelopment

Due to strong interest expressed by English departments throughout the county in providing semester courses in English in the high schools, transitional steps are being discussed and developed. Leesburg Senior High School already offers semester courses in English; Mount Dora High School will do so next year; other high schools are attempting to develop such courses or have already begun to do so to a limited degree. Seventh and eighth grade English teachers have also expressed an interest in offering their required crurses in semester form:

Future Goel

In grades 9-12 we hope to be able to provide ultimately a nongraded phase-elective English curriculum whose concepts would be as follows:

- 1. Nongreding, or the eliminating of grade levels and tracks as devices for grouping students and defining courses. This would be accomplished by dropping grade and track distinctions and allowing students, regardless of their age, to select from any of the learning experiences in the program. In many of the courses it would be possible to find freshman, sephomores, juniors, or seniors, all of whom have the common learning bond, not of age, but of similar interest in the course, similar abilities, and similar needs.
- 2. Electing, or the allowing of students to freely select their ewa courses. There would be no required courses and few, if any, prerequisites. Students would be permitted to pick any courses that they feel best mast their individual needs, interests, and abilities. Assisting them in making wise choices would be English steff advisors and school guidance personnel who would function as information givers, constructive critics, and facilitators rather than as dictators of what should be taken.
- 3. <u>Phasing</u>, or the describing of courses in a general way, by assigning to them a number from one to five to indicate their degree of difficulty. This would allow elective courses to be described more readily for guidance purposes. Phasing, in this program, would describe courses and would not be used to describe students. Phase levels could be defined in the following way:
 - Phase 1--Courses designed for students who have serious problems with besic ekills
 - Phess 2--Courses designed for students who do not have serious difficulty with besic skills, but who need to refine them, and can do so best by learning at a somewhat slower pace
 - Phase 3--Courses designed for chose with a fair command of besic language skills and would like to advance beyond them but do so at a moderate rather than an accelerated pace
 - Phase 4--Courses designed for students who learn fairly rapidly and are in good command of basic skills
 - Phase 5--Courses offering a challenge to advanced students who have excellent control of basic skills and who are looking for stimulating and self-motivated ecademic learning experiences



In summary, this type of nongraded phase-elective curriculum is one which offers to students a wide variety of courses, grouped for guidance r rooses in levels of difficulty. which may be freely elected by students of any age on the basis of their own individual interests, needs, and abilities. Courses can be added or dropped depending on the needs of students. Many courses are multi-phased (for exemple, 2-5) which means that a range of learning experiences is provided in the course. Each of the courses, regardless of the content, has built into it learning experiences in the basic language skills: raading, writing, speaking, thinking, and listening. Bacause this is so, it is not absolutely critical which cambination of courses the student takes, since regardless of the selections he chooses, he will be helped, in the manner most suitable, to grow in each of the basic skills.

(Note: The concepts and practices of the nongraded phase-elective English curriculum described here are derived from the famous APEX curriculum developed in Trenton, Michigan.)

Present Observations

In order to reach our goal of a nongraded phase-elective curriculum it will be necessary to resolve problems relating to school size, number of personnel available in English departments, and scheduling. Each English department in the county is currently studying possibilities for incorporating aspects of this new type of curriculum into its present program. On a county level, attempts are being made to continuously involve English teachers in decision-making through informational sessions held with department chairmen and followup meetings to be held at individual schools. During the remainder of this year and throughout next year, work will continue. At times the curriculum generalist directing this project will meet with individual English departments to discuss ideas; at other times English department chairmen will be brought together to share ideas. In this way it is hoped that a countywide semester course plan can be developed.

Since experimental and innovative approaches will continue to be encouraged, it is recommended that all persons working in the area of English curriculum development be permitted to explore as many state-adopted and supplementary materials as possible, so that ideas can be accumulated as to the eventual content, concepts, materials, and techniques for use with each course offered. Through cooperative affort there will emerge in time a gradual unifying of opinions resulting in the development of curriculum guidalines for each course.

For examples of modified plans for semester courses embodying some features of the nongraded phase-elective curriculum approach, please see the section of materials included in this report relating to Leesburg Semior High School and Mount Dora High Echool. It should be understood that other high school English departments in the county, insofer as present facilities and available personnel make it possible, are also developing plans which contain similar or other features. All of these plans may be compared with the nongraded phase-elective English curriculum plan described on the pravious page in order to determine the extent to which progress has been made toward the future goal.



Example 1

SEMESTER ENGLISH COURSE OFFERINGS-GRADFS 9-12

Phase I

9

Communications 100

Composition 100

Phase III

Pupil Population 1000-1500

Phase II

Composition 103

Communications 244

Communications 103

Composition 105 Communications 105

Composition 222

Speech I American Literature 205

Short Stories I Drama Workshop Introductory Journalism

Speech II Short Stories II World Literature Journalism Workshop Creative Writing Drama Appreciation

Journalism Workshop

Drama Appreciation Short Stories II Twentieth C. Literature

Word Study

Grade 11 12

Mass Media Study

Speech II

Contemporary Literature

Speech I

American Literature 200

Drama Workshop

Drama Workshop Speech I

American Literature 203

Short Stories I

Introductory Journalism

Grade 10

Communications 234

College Prep Composition Englis: Literature Humani Ttes

Special Phases

Grade 12

Classroom Reading Program - for the students who need special help in reading Communications Lab - for students who need remedial help or for students who desire independent study



MOU	NT D	er Example 2
Phase I		
Phase II	SEMESTER ENGLISH COURSE OFFERINGS-GRADES 7-12	

American Literature II Composition II Drama Workshop	American Literature I Communication and Media Contemporary literature	American Literature I Communication and Media Contemporary Literature	Grades 10
Communications 203	Communications 202 Communications 302	Communications 201 Communications 301	Grade 9
Communications 03	Communications 102	Communications 101	Grade 7
Phase III	Phase II	Phase I	

Special: Communicatione Laboratory

Grades 11 12

Journalism Workshop Introductory Journalism

Journalism Workshop World Literature

Introductory Journalism

This consists of a reading-language laboratory area. NOTE: in the laboratory. be selected from English classes for varying intervals of time for individualized instruction Courses shown above may be offered on a paired basis in some schools. This means that when the student chooses one of the paired courses, he schedules the other course paired with it Students do not register for this but may

work of a similar nature. Pairing of courses is a method which can be used in schools where for the remaining semester. All courses in grades 10-12 are offered on an elective basis and may be used to fulfill any staff is limited. English credit requirement. Care must be taken to pair courses which offer variety and phase

suitable to the individual needs and capabilities of the student. Courses which are multi-phased utilize multiphase materials and provide learning experiences



Pupil Population

Communications 30 4 6

Communications 3014

Tentative Plan for Courses in English, Grades 7-9

Explanation of Phases

- Phase 1—Content is designed for the student who needs special assistance with emphasis on basic skills. Techniques and procedures used will be primarily experience—and activity-oriented.
- Phase 2--Content is designed for the student who has demonstrated congetency in basic skills. Techniques and procedures used will be experience, activity, and textbook-oriented.
- Phase 3—Content is designed for the student who has excellent command of the basic skills and who is desirous of a more stimulating and challenging learning experience. Techniques and procedures used will be experience, activity—, text—, and enrichment—priented.

Also available:

Communications-Reading Lab —
Individualized work for students who have serious problems with basic skills; assignment on a regular basis for as long as needed

Communications-Reading Lab -Independent study and envichment activities for students
from Phase 2 and Phase 3 courses who are desirous of
stimulating and self-motivated academic learning experiences;
assignment on a flexible, temporary basis

Grado Phase 1 Phase 2 Phase 3 7 Communications 101-A Communications 102-A Communications JL • / Communications 101-13 Communications 102-8 Communications 10 1 8 Communications 202-A Communications 201-A Communications 200 -Communications 201~B Communications 202-B Communications 205 1.

Communications 302-A

Communications 302-B

Semester Saquired Courses

Communications 301-A

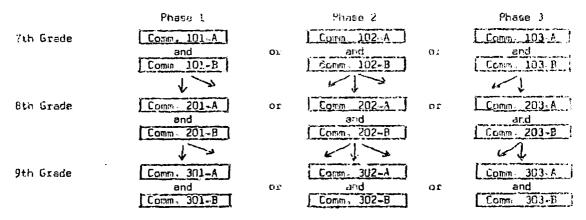
Communications 301-9



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Required Courses, Brades 7-9
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Communications 101, 102, 103 (A and B semesters)
Communications 201, 202, 203 (A and B semesters)
Communications 301, 302, 303 (A and B semesters)
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The courses indicated above are phased courses which build skills sequentially in the areas of reading, writing, speaking, listening, and thinking. Courses designated with an A after the number have as a major emphasis the study of literature and the development of reading skills. Courses designated with a B after the number have as a major emphasis the development of skills of written and oral expression and an understanding of the structure and uses of language. Each course regardless of its major emphasis is designed to include some reading of literature, some writing activities, some study of the language, some oral language and listening activities, and some emphasis on reading improvement.



I)ling Junior High School English Elective Program Manchester, Connecticut

Grades 7 and 8



ENGLISH ELECTIVE PROGRAM ILLING JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL Lillian T. Segar - Dept. Chairman

In the spring of 1969 teachers requested a change of some description for their English classes. Requirements in spelling, grammar, oral and written composition could be met in three classes per week instead of the scheduled four. This surplus time in many instances had been used for more grammar drill or reading a novel. There is no realistic assistance in the curriculum outline, particularly for a teacher new to the system. Areas of enrichment are vaguely suggested. For some time, customarily a teacher who liked poetry might enrich the curriculum with more study of poetry than another who did not. One who enjoyed creative writing might pursue that area, etc. The instruction was oriented to the ability and interest of the teacher.

A plan was proposed to Mr. Sutliffe, Principal, and Mr. Vincens, Vice Principal, and their approval received for the introduction of an elective program on Monday, November 7, 1969.

Poetry, drama, creative writing, short story, and journalism were the areas of interest selected by five different eighth grade teachers in 1969. These teachers and their classes had an English period common to all so that regrouping was possible without changes in the rest of their schedules. Eight or 10 groups of seventh and eighth graders will participate, hopefully, in the elective program in 1970-71.

Students were eked to make a first and a second choice from the five areas previously mentioned, i.e., poetry, drama, creative writing, short story, and journalism. As far as possible, a student was reassigned to his first choice elective. Each class for the new grouping remains normal class size.

The classes taking part range in ability from honors and average to below grade level. The new elective grouping is heterogeneous in ability, but it places the interested teacher and the interested students in a class with a mutual interest for one English period per week.

Student comments indicated they would like a "mark" or some kind of recognition relating to grades.

Teachers and students both noted high interest and few discipline disturbances. Teachers worked hard to get together and present their respective areas of intere. t.



Poway Unified School District Course of Study Outline*
Poway, California

Grades 9-12

July 1969

^{*}Read "Communication Arts: Individualization through Curriculum, Content, and the Smcll Group" by Frank Barone (California English Journal, Oct. 1969 Also ERIC Pocument No. ED 042 747) for another description of the Poway English Program.



POWAY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

CODE: PREREQUISITES: COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: 201 STUDY SKILLS COMMINICATION AFTS "". BLSTC TEXT "one

CREDITS: LENGTH OF COURSE FIVE ONL SELLEL

NONE

GRADE LEVELS: I. BRIDE DESCRIPTION OF COURSE: 9

A required course for all Preshmin which provides an orientation to the high achool program, recultional quidance and circor planning the this placed upon the vise use of independent study time and the development of effective study shills.

- II. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE.

1. To acquaint freshmen with the curriculum, requirements and facilities of the high school.
2. To the first study habits,
3. To assist the student in makine educational and expeet minds.

III. Control course colorist study habits,
3. To assist the student in makine educational and expeet minds.

III. control course orientation to the high school, use of the library, listening, notechaking and ourlining reading methods, programs for tests, taking tests, educational and expeet placing.

IV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

Activities are based on nelpling the student do well in his other patricular and the reconstructs available at the high school, and in additional based on his process available at the high school, titations and work in small groups.

V. MFANS on METHODS OF EVALUATION STUDENT ACTIVITYEENTY:

Evaluation is based on the student's progress in his other classes and on his work in this class. There will be homework are ignored to the students, a null-test man of that come.

Conferences will schooled with the students and their parents.

ACUSION DATES:

Yuly, 1967, July, 1969

POMARY HIGH COMON COMMET OF THE ORIENTAL CONTROL OF THE ORIENTAL

POWAY. CALIFORNIA

COMPLEMENTARY MATERIALS:

- Various exechices, books, magazines and other instructional Performance Curriculum hocklet.
 Program Planning guide.

SOUTE ?S.

- TERMINIONE
- Suptto Salt. marco.

Becomite

REVISION DATES:

OWAY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

CODE: COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: 205 FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION COMMUNICATION AKTS

LENGTH OF COURSE CREDITS: FIVE ONE SEMESTER

PREREQUISITES:

NONE

GRADE LEVELS: 9, 10

I. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

This course is designed to help the student equip himself with the basic skills for discussion and involvement in a group and to acquire the skills for confident and competent oral presentation of his ideas. In small croups, opportunity will be provided for practicing the approaches to discussion the student has learned. Opportunity will be provided for the student to prepare and present informal talks to his group. Emphasis will be on heling the that will make it possible for him to use the speech skills be student acquire the confidence in his own capabilities and ideas

- II. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:
- ö give the student a feeling of confidence when communicating
- 9 6 in a group. To assure the student that his ideas are worthwhile and need be expressed and are accepted, help the student appreciate the importance of listening to
- communicating ideas.
- III. COUTENT OF THE COURSE:
- Informal group discussion.
- telephone, etc. Methods of presenting ideas in groups, with employers, on the
- Student involvement in individual and group presentations.
- V. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:
- Discission
- Lectures Informal talks
- Laboratory wor)

CALIFORNIA

Improvisations. Oral presentations in terms, pairs and individually.

MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT:

٢.

- Individual progress in discussion and informal talks. Written tests on methods,
- Attitudes perceived by teacher Student-teacher conferences. and students
- ĭ. BASIC TEXT:

Talking Is Speech, Ross; MacMillan, 1968

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS:

- Newspapers
- Booke
- Magazines
 All types of research materials.
- VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS
- Films
- Slides
- Tape Pecorder
- Records

POWAY

PREREGUISITES:

NONE

206

CODE:

CREDITS: LENGTH OF COURSE. ONE SEMESTIC

GRADE LEVELS: 10, 11,

I. BRID DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

This course is resioner to hely students develop their ideas and to crannize them into presentable speech patterns. Speeches are presented and evaluated. Students will learn to prepare speeches to inform, to entertain, to stirulate, to convince and to persuade. They will also gractice extemporaneous speakane. Listenna skills, techniques of organization, hasic means for argumentation, the identification of faulty responding and voice introvement will also identification of faulty responding and voice introvement will also organizing and doing research on their speeches, class time walso he utilized for oral interpretation of moetry and prose. be included in the course. While students are in the process of time will

II. MAJOR AIMS AND GRUECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

To teach the student the seven processes basic to speech im-provement. From the speaker's point of view, they are: ideas, organization, language, voice, articulation, physical activity and speaking personal

- To have the student strive to develon his full powers of rational and creative thinking.
- u To have the student use reasoning the speech situation ard adapting and imagination in analyzing the speech to it.

III. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

- Selected readings from text
- Use of audio-visual materials.
 Preparation and delivery of speeches.

7. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

- Students prepare speeches to be delivered before the class. Students prepare and deliver prose readings.
- Speech outline and writing is completed using the text materials

Students will read and listen to outstanding speeches.

MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT:

Students are evaluated on the basis of specific speech presentations

BASIC TEXT:

. . . . STATEMENT A MELLINGER

Speech In American Society, Allem, Anderson, Housh-Publishing Commany

Morry 11

- The of redix, enlegated loctures,

WITH AUDIO-WISSEL TARRESTAL

patterns of the students and to lister to recordings of relice-The instructor uses the tame recorder to record the someh ted speeches.

The abobearship is used to dive students firther extensions

- County audio-visual service, are used to instruct and to observe tudents further listenine experiences, for study income head are used to study income. in listening.
 Films and filmstrips, selected by the instructor from
- to stuly since

POWAY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

OWAY. CALIFORNIA

CODE: COURSE TITLE PREREGUISITES: ORAL COMMUNICATION 1 ORAL COMMUNICATION 2 COMMUNICATION ARTS

DEPARTMENT:

CREDITS LENGTH OF COURSE ONE SEMESTER

GRADE LEVELS: 10, 11, 12

T. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE

This is an advanced course in the study of speech. Students will continue to develop and perfect the techniques of research, organizing content and speech presentation. The instructor and the students will evaluate the speeches. Students can participate in ş Types of specenes include: impromptu, extemporaneous, humorou and interpretation of poetry, dramatic and original. Speeches various speech contests throughout the San Diego County area. the world's best speakers will be read and discussed.

II. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

- Situation. To develop in the student the ability to speak in any speech
- Ņ thinking. To help the student develop logical as well as creative
- To develop in the student the ability to listen critically to the speeches of others including radio, television and other means of oral communication.

1111 CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

- Student preparation and delivery of Specific types of speeches.

- The study of outstanding speeches.
 The study of delivery and style.
 The study of discussion techniques and the purposes for

IV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

- Student speeches
- Panel discussions
- Optional participacion in tournaments; Optional attendance at loctures;

REVISION DATES

July, 1969

keading and listening to speeches.

ج. MEANS OR METHODS OF FVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT

Students are evaluated on the basis of specific speech presentations

<u>۲</u> BASIC TEXT:

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS:

Films, radio programs, television programs are reviewed to study methods of delivery and to evaluate the speech or Speech materials available in Library and Resource Centers. discussion.

POWAY HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY OUTLINE PAGE NUMBER CA-4

POWAY UNIFIED OWAY CALIFORNIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

Issues Newsweek U.S. News

and World Proport

COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: COMPETITIVE SPEECH AND DEBATE COMMUNICATION ARTS

CODE: PREREQUISITES:

TEACHER APPROVAL

CREDITS: LENGTH OF COURSE: ONE SEMESTER (MAY BE REPEATED)

VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS:

Times

Available reference materials from library and Pesource Center.

Use of multi-media.

GRADE LEVELS. FIVE 10, 11, 12

I. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

San Diego County. Dramatic, original, humorous, poetry, impromptu, extemporaneous and debate are the various events. Students will will propage to enter inter-scholastic, speech tournaments, dents will be required to participat, in concests throughout A study and practice of competitive speech and dehate. Students visit other high schools and colleges that are having contests. Stur

- II. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:
- competitive speech To prepare students to participate in local speech tournaments. To devolop in the student the ability to handle a variety of situations.
- III. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:
- Studen: prepared speeches.
- Development of affirmative and negative debate topics.
- IV. ACTIVITIES:
- Attending contests.
 Listening to speeches and debates.
- bebite projects.
- ۲. MEANS AND METHODS OF EVALUATION:
- Teacher-student evaluation of speeches
- Review of contest judges, evaluations.

٧ī. BASIC TEXT:

REVISION DATES:

POWAY UNIFIED OWAY. SCHOOL DISTRICT

Q+12000+1000+1000+1000+1000+1000+1000+10	CONTRACTOR OF BRITING	
V. MEANS ON METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT:		COURSE TITLE:
	COMMUNICATION ARTS	
DCDA DTMCNT.		DEDADTMENT.

CREDITS: LENGTH OF COURSE. PREREQUISITES: 220 ONE SEM STER

GRADE LEVELS:

10

deficient in the area of writing. The student will learn to use a variety of sentence patterns; to organize unified paragraphs to suit their writing to their audience and purpose. Attention will particularly be given to the writing skills needed to succeed in school and in the workaday world. This is a basic writing course designed to help the student who is

I. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

CONTENT OF THE COURSE: This course is designed to holp the student acquire the basic writing skills generally found important both for his self-MAJOR ATMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE: satisfaction, his work in school and his contact with society.

11.

TII.

spelling, punctuation and usage. Students wand non-fletion as a background for writing. Attention will be given to helping the student acquire confortable familiarity with patterns for English sentences, paragraphs Students will also read fiction

IV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

Written exercises: Vocabulary development;

3000000 Sentence expansion;

Maintaining a journal. "varagraph expansion;
tes of figures of speech;
use of specific and concrete words;
student revisions of written work,

دا ب

Correlated reading.

REVISION DATES:

July, 1967, July, 1969

CALIFORNIA

basic skills of writing. Student progress made in mastering the basic skills of writing. Student progress will be evaluated, not as he progresses in relation to his classmates, but as he progresses in relation to his starting point.

۲. BASIC TEXT:

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS:

VIII. Guide To Modern English, Corbin; Scott Foresman,

AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS:

Transparencies

20

......

21

POWAY UNIFIED POWAY. CALIFORNIA SCHOOL DISTRIC

COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: COMPOSITION 1 COMMUNICATION ARTS

PREREQUISITES:

NONE 225

CODE:

CREDITS: LENGTH OF COURSE:

ONE SEMESTER

9, 10,

GRADE LEVELS:

I. PRIME DESCRIPTION OF COURSE

cause it will aid them in writing term papers, reports, essay support a thesis, clarity, conciseness and basic research techniques; units will be devoted to creative writing in which the student will practice creating scenes, moods, abstractions and characters. This course should be of value to all students be-This course is designed to gave the student basic skills in expository (i.e., informative, explanatory) writing. While the emphasis is on organization, limiting of topic, using fac's to ٦. ت o, tests and organizing talks. Students will be urged to make use their writing for other courses. the think, write, revise technique suggested in this course

- II. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:
- To increase the awareness of the technology of written commurication.
- concise, informative and creative, writing that reflects the To develop skill in producing writing that is char and personality of the student writer.
- To increase student self-confidence in communicating through the written word.
- ö To expand student perception of the world around him in order translate experience through writing.
- III. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:
- Directed guided writing of the sentence, paragraph paper, and short
- Teacher-student evaluation of skills in writing the sentence,
- paragraph and short paper.

 Reading of selected literary excerpts as constructive background material for student writing.
- Maintenance of student journals
- Use of multi-media.

IV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES

Writing Exercises: RCV1Sion:

- Unity; The paraoranh;
- Character analysis; Connectors; Point of view:
- Abstraction and

Audience level. Use of specific, Synonyme;

words;

Connotation and denotation; Figures of speech;

concrete

- Correlated reading. classi: icalian;
- Maintairing a journa...
- : "EAKS OF THETHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACCIDENT.
- Teacher evaluation of student writing techniques. Teacher-student evaluation of compositions.
- Revision of original compositions Journal evaluation.

BASIC TEXT

۲i.

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY MATTRIALS Writing, Unit Lassons In Composition, Brown; Cirn, 1964

- Webster's Collegiate Dictionary
 Practical English Monazine
 Cavalcade Magazine
 Other resource materials in the Library and Pesource Centur.
- VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS:
- Film strips Slides
- Records
- Tapes
- Overhead and spague projectors Transparencies

REVISION DATES:

POWAY BNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

CALIFORNIA

CODE: COURSE TITLE: PREREQUISITES: DEPARTMENT: 227 COMPOSITION 2 COMMUNICATION / ...'S COMPOSITION 1

CREDITS: FILE

LENGIH OF COURSE

ONE SUMESTER

GRADE LEVELS 10, 11, 12

Composition 2 is designed for students who have mattered the list structure of a sentence, a paragraph and an ossay (with an large duction, body and conclusion). Scudents will read powers, drawn, short stories, casays and novel. They will keep a written record action with the reading. --variously formal, informal and creative of their thoughtful inter

I. BPIUF DESCRIPTION OF THE COURSE.

VI. BASIC TEXT:

Final examination.

Student readings of literary selections.

Student-teacher conferences.

None

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS:

Elements of Style, Strunk and White: MacMillan, 1050 Available materials in library and Resource Center,

VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS

Tapes

Records

Transparencies

111.

CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

solected writers.

77.

MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

To think logically and creatively.

To read discriminatingly and with enthusiasm.

To write logically, cohesively, wriginally and effectively.

To increase student perception of the literary style of

and poetry. Informal, formal and eceative writing by the student. Small group discussions; conferences with the telebror.

Selected readings in the novel, short story, essay, drama

īV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES

Assigned reading for home and class (teythook and collateral) Class discussions--general and directed

Creative writing which incorporates whills learned from the Oral and written reports on topics arising from literature

Student journals.

MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT:

Written work

REVISION DATES:

July, 1969

POWAY HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY OUTLINE PAGE NUMBER CA-8

POWAY UNIFIED POKAY. CALIFORNIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

CODE: SRADE LEVELS: LENGTH OF COURSE: CREDITS: PREREQUISITES: COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: FIVE 11, 12 ONE SEMESTER 235 ENGLISH USAGE AND COMPOSITION "B" GRADE IN COMPOSITION 1 COMMUNICATION ARTS CHI.

VII. SUPPLEMENTAPY MATERIALS

Supplementary books. Other library sources.

AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS:

Transparencies

I. BRILF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

rocabulary and writing style. The course, featuring an investigation of current levels of usage and language, will concent on expository writing and advanced skills in writing style. This course is designed for the college bound student who wishes to prepare himself for entrance and scholarship examinations and vocabulary and writing style. Preshman English by studying grammar, acceptable English usage, concentrate

II. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

To help prebare college bound students for freshmen composition. To develop advanced skills in style and usage, To develop expository writing ability. ability.

III CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

Emphasis will be placed on students' skill in developing Enalish usage and expository writing.

ΛŢ SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

and ideas. Their writing will be examined requiring with them by the teacher and the rost of the class. Students will write paragraphs and essays--concentrating and ideas. Their writing will be examined regularly and on style

۲, MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT:

Students will be evaluated by means of teacher-class evaluation, individual conferences, progress in writing ability and grasp basic English grammar and usage skills.

٧ī. BASIC TEXT:

REVISION DATES:

POWAY HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY OUTLINE PAGE NUMBER $arphi_{\Delta}$

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POWAY UNIFIE × ъ U JOOHJS DISTRICT

DEPARTMENT:	COMMUNICATION ARTS	V. MEANS OF METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEM NT:
CGURSE TITLE:	CREATIVE WRITING	1. Written work.
CODE:	240	Student progress in blending the discipline and creative of writing.
PREREQUISITES:	"B" GRADE IN COMPOSITION 1 OR TEACHER APPROVAL	Quizzes, objective and essay tests.
LENGTH OF COURSE:	ONE STMESTER	VI. BASIC TEXT:

I. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

GRADE LEVELS: CREDITS:

FIVE 10, 11,

Creative writing is designed to give students experience in the theory and practice of prose and bootry. The student learns to make his own reanings more clear through the group study of word patterns. He develops a recener appreciation of literary works patterns. terary senses. through his personal exploration of both content, form and li-

Ħ MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

- To develop a keaner appreciation of literary works through personal exercises in poetry and prose. To promote creative endeavors that ill lead to satisfactory
- : 3 personal values.
- To promote a sharper awareness of lie's rany sides. To develop creative, yet communicative, commetencies yet communicative, competencies
- written expressions.

III. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

- Students try their hand at various center short story, essay article.
- Writing informal; Poetic forms are attempted. leaders are studied for style; Herinoway, Joyce, Whitfree verse. Formal: sonnet, ode, elegy:
- man and Dickinson and others are included. A literary journal is completed. This contains values of thems on such topics as the individual and receivty.

IV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

- Reading
- Observation
- Thinking

- Discussing

July, 1967,

July, 1969

REVISION DATES:

- 8755 Writimo
 - Evaluating
- Publishin

Cadet teaching experience

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STOWNER STATE

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY WATERIALS:

- Selected powers and prosemen and women. work by recognized and new laterary
- Other resource materials Resource Center. available in the library and in the

VIII. AUDIO-VISTAL MATERIALS:

- Recordings
- Paintings and prints Field trips Ta Line

CALIFORNIA

COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: JOURNALISM 1 COMMUNICATION ARTS

CODE: PREPEQUISITES:

LENGTH OF COURSE "C" GRADE OR BETTER IN COMPOSITION

ONE SEMPSTER

CREDITS: FIVE

GRADE LEVELS: 10,

I. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

Emphasis is placed on basic newswitting; the feature story, the editorial, newspaper layout and the role of journalism in the development and preservation of Democracy. This is primarily a non-lecture, laboratory course with the student experiencing quided practice in writing for clarity and intelligence in communicating information with accuracy and farmess. In this course, the student receives individual help in development of writing and cditing skills. The individual writing conference is used extenexpression is a basic characteristic of gathering, selection, organization and presentation of information is studied and practiced. The opportunity for responsible selfwriting and thinking. Praid logic and its application in the Sively. The course is desirted to help students improve their the course.

11 MAJOR NIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

- To use logic in thinking.
- communicate in writing. make accurate observations.
- read discriminatingly.
- function effectively in our pemocratic society. increase student desire and his ability in self-expression
- osu communications in achieving life success

III. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

- Guided writing and editing of news, feature stories, editorial and layout materials.
- quently in the evaluation of student writing and newspaper Analysis by the instructor and by students in undertaken fre-
- μ Historical and practice studies of journalism in the United

Analyses of the values and the responsibilities in selfexpression are accomplished frequently and repeatedly.

MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT

- Student and instructor evaluation of student willing.
- Instructor observation of student aroup participation Student evaluation of the school newspaper.
- Instructor-designed examinations,
- Student-designed examinations
- Praliation of student-decigned examinations.
- Observation of student reaction to commercial newseasts and television newscasts. newspapers, Yada o

Observation of student are and non-use of locat in critica and

٧. EASIC TINE

read inc

Mass Media, Reporting, Writing and Tairing, Pivers; Harrer Row, 1964

CII. SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS:

- Supplementary books.
- New-bapers.
- Managines.
 Other resources available in Center. (t) library and in the PEROUTER

VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS:

- Pilmetrios

REVISION DATES

POWAY UNIFIE 0 SCHOOL DISTRICT

CALIFORNIA

COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: COMMUNICATION ARTS

247

JCURNALISM 2

JOURNALISM I AND TEACHER APPROVAL

: 300

PREREQUISITES:

LENGTH OF COURSE ONE SEMESTER

CREDITS: FIVE

GRADE LEVELS: 10, 11,

<u>..</u>

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

Tournalism 2 is a course in which the student applies and refines those skills developed in Journalism 1. With guidance by the teacher students write and edit Poway High Schooll's student newspaper, The Illad. Students are guided into special commercial newspaper activities. As time permits, students who have indivito the techniques of these media, interests in radio and television journalism are introduced

Ħ MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

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2 To increase student ability to apply logic in thinking writing. and

To increase student ability to record, filter and what they observe. present

To imcrease student ability to function favorably in our To increase student To increase student skill in discriminating newspaper reading. desire and ability in self-expression.

To increase student ability to use communications in achieving democratic society. lifo

III. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

producing The Iliad Observation of news Students use most of their time in the guided activity of

ournalism. newspaper, radio and television commercial

Discussion of the ways in which good journalism mids the development and preservation of democracy occurs throughout

Evaluation of The Iliad's continually. tole in school life is accomplished

IV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

Editing the school newspaper. Writing the school newspaper.

Evaluating the school newspaper.

Evaluating other school newspapers.

Discussing journalism's role in democracy. Observing commercial newspapers, radio and television activities

MEANS OR MITHODS OF EVALUATING STUDIET ACHIEVEMENT

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Student evaluation of student writing and editing

Instructor evaluation of student evaluations.

Instructor evaluation by observation of student-stuff Student-instructor evaluation of commercial pourralism practices ACTIVITION

٧. BASIC TEXT

Mass Media, Reporting, Writing and Editing, Wivers: Marper Pow.

2964

Sumplementary books Newspapers Magazines

SUPILEMENTARY MATERIALS:

VII.

VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL NATERIALS:

Light table for paper livout

Overhead projector. Onadue projector.

Films. Film strips.

Transparencies

POWAY HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY OUTLINE PAGE NUMBER CA-15

REVISION DATES:

July, 1967, July, 1969

POWAY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

CALIFORNIA

CODE: COURSE TITLE: 250 INTRODUCTION TO LITERATURE COMMUNICATION ARTS

DEPARTMENT:

PREREGUL. NONE

CREDITS: LENGTH OF CO. ONE SEMESTER

FIVE

GRADE LEVELS: 10

1. BRIEF DUSCKIPTION OF COURSE:

essay, film. Students will learn to develop criteria for judying the relative value of literary content. This course is a pre-regulation to all other literature courses. as an litt, as entertainment and as a way of learning 'hout other people. Imphasis vill be on learning how to read and deal with the various literary forms: In this course, students will learn now to handle literature Pontry, drama, whort story, nevel,

NAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

- through literature. To develop skills in interpretation, appreciation and evaluation to develop an understanding of social and cultural trends
- through literary experiences. To develop student ability to examine the world around him

14 CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

- 101 Discussion of how to read and appreciate literary forms Reading and discussion of literature.
- ... SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:
- Assigned readings.
- Class discussions teneral and directed.
 Short papers on torics arising from literature.
- MEANS OF METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT:
- Student readings
- Student teacher conferences
- Student writing and presentations

POWAY HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY OUTLINE PAGE NUMBER CHARLES

VI. FASIC TEXT interature of The World, James; McGrav Hill, 1963

SUPPLIMINGARY WATERIALS:

Selected materials available in the library and in the Communication Arts Besource Center.

- VEDIO-VISUAL WALLACTOR
- The company
- 20,08 Personal to the second of

UNIFIED CALIFORNIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

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CODE: COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: 254 CONTEMPORARY LITERATURE COMMUNICATION ARTS

LENGTH OF COURSE **PREREQUISITES** ONE SEMESTER NONE

GRADE LEVELS: ۰۱ رو

FIVE

CREDITS:

I. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

This course is designed to help students build a pleasant and growing association with books. In addition, the intent is to examine the mass media critically in order to help the student provide himself with the critical tools that will make him an astute reader, viewer and consumer.

11. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

This course is intended to provide young people with the critical tools, background knowledge and pleasant associations necessary for appreciation and enjoyment of reading as a leisure time

TII. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

contemporary novels, contemporary biography, books dealing with current political and social issues and view appropriate tele-vision programs, movies and live theater. collections of short stories, appropriate poetry, selected To the end stated above, students will read current magazines,

٧. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

proximately 50 pages weekly and to use the approaches to literature that will engage his enjoyment and approciation of to participate in discussions, to write brief informal essays regarding issues raised in discussion and reading; to read ap-To complete the course successfully, the student will be asked as a leisure activity.

ج. MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT

Student readings

REVISION DATES:

July, 1967, July, 1969

> Measurement of change in attitudes Informal essays.

Final examination.

٧1. BASIC TEXT:

Literary Types II Series: Schold:

MacMillan, 1962 Short Stories II, Sche Non Fiction II, Baum; Peterson; Prana II, Redman;

VII.

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

Available literature in library and Resource Center. Multi-Media.

VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS:

Filmstrips

Trievision

Theatre

POWAY HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY OUTLINE PAGE NUMBER ca-14

DEPARTMENT: COMMUNICATION ARTS POWAY UNIFIED OWAY. CRLIFORNIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Independent examination of audio-visual materials

LENGTH OF COURSE: PREREQUISITES; ONE SEMESTER COMPOSITION 1, INTRODUCTION TO LITERATURE

CODE:

COURSE TITLE:

AMERICAN LITERATURE 1

MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEFULNT:

Class discussions on authors, retaines, philosophies,

GRADE LEVELS: CREDITS: FIVE 10, 11, 12

I. BRIDE DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

Class activities will include papers, oral reports and discussions tudents will be expected to do outside reading as well as examine analysis of plot, character, cetting, theme, symbol, mood, etc. A general survey of the major writings of America with emphasic on modern literature. The various forms of literature (essay, poetry available records, tapes, video tapes, film strips and other media short story, nevel and drama) will be read accommanied by critical

...

SUPPLIETS LAVE WATERIALS:

Selected paperback Supplementary books. į

PASIC TEXT:

Individual conferer. as. Exeluation of research papers. Evaluation of written assumments. Oral and written reports. Objective and essay tests.

Moritage Cories:

a. The Changing Years of American Literature, Nuclears to the Carly Wars of American Literature, Nuclears Nuclears Nuclears (Nuclears)

. : MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS:

Overwood and opaque pronuctors

Transparencies

Pecords Slides Fulm ourips

april:

Other resource materials is the labrary and become a Center,

- American culture. To develop a knowledge and appreciation of representative authors, works, philosophies and theres influential in
- To develop an appreciation of the forms of literature. To provide students with interesting and valuable reading experiences that will continue, expand and be useful in life. To provide an understanding of the cultural heritage of our
- CONTENT OF THE COURSE: A study of Amer an nevels, essays, short stories and poetry

III.

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- those authors, works and major whilosophics that have influenced the crowth of licerature in America. The davelopment of renearch methods. Selected readings to develop a knowledge and appreciation of The development of methods of critica, analyses and evaluation.

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₹. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

- Lectures
- Small group discussions
- Readings.
- Written assignments

PEVISION DATES:

July, 1967, July, 1969

- Research papers on selected topics.
- Oral Reports on selected

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POWAY HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY OUTLINE PAGE NUMBER CALL

POWAY UNIFIED SCHOOL PISTRICT

CODF: PRFREQUISITES: COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: AMERICAN LITERATURE AMERICAN LITERATURE 1 COMMUNICATION ARTS

GRADF LEVELS: CREDITS: LENGTH OF COURSE: ONE SEMESTER

12

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

Contury movel, modern theater, science fiction, modern short story, the hero in modern fiction. Students will be required to do considerable outside reading in addition to papers, oral modern poetry, alienation in modern American literature, the 20th A special topics class which will concentrate on two or three presentations and discussions. major themes during the semester. joint decision of the students and instructor Course content debends unon It may include

II. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

- To develop a knowledge and appreciation of representative modern American authors, works, philosophies and themes influential in American culture.
- To provide students with interesting and valuable reading To develop an appreciation of the forms of literature.
- experiences that will continue, expand and be useful in life. To provide an understanding of the cultural heritage of our

III. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

- A study of 2 or 2 major themes in modern American literature. The further development of methods of critical analysis and
- evaluation.
- Support the themes selected. Use of multi-media. Reading of a wide and varied nature that will develor and

SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

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- Writing and reading of critical reviews.

 Development of bibliography for a particular theme

REVISION DATES:

OWAY. CALIFORNIA

Group activities including discussion, role playing, reporting Reading.

V. MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT

Objective and essay tests.

Oral and written reports. Class discussions on authors, readings, philosophies.

Individual conferences. fvaluation of written assignments.

VI. BASIC TEXT:

Heritage Series:

Contemporary American Prose, "acMillan, 1963 Contemporary American Prems, Barrows; Contemporary American Poetry. Poeter; Contemporary American **ベンココロウア**

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

VII.

- Sunniementary books
- Supplementary magazines Selected apperbacks Other resource materials in the library and resource center.

VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS:

- Filmstrips Slides
- Records Tapes
- Transparencies
- Overhead and opaque protectors

POWAY UNIFIED OWAY, CALIFORNIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

CODE: COURSE TITLE: PREREQUISITES: COMPOSITION 1, CCMMUNICATION ARTS ENGLISH LITERATURE 1 AND A PREVIOUS LITERATURE COURSE

DEPARTMENT:

LENGTH OF COURSE:

CREDITS:

GRADE LEVELS:

FIVE

ONE SEMESTER

11, 12

I. BRILE DESCRIPTION OF COUPSE:

Donne, Swift, Pope, Defoe, Goldsmith, Wordsworth, Coleridge and Keats. The student will write a shart assay at the end of each unit covered. He may also be asked to write major term papers. Authors include such writers as Chaucer, Marlowe, Shakespeare, will be asked to read poems, novels, dramas and essays of their own selection as well as those suggester by the instructor. reading experiences with others in his small c oup. literary works that have shared and influenced the culture of England up to and including the 19th century, as kell as having influenced our own literary heritage. The student shares his This course offers the student the opportunity to read selected The student shares his Students

IT. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

- the English language. To develop an acquaintance with the veris of great writers in
- To acquaint students with the heginnines and development of literary forms.

'n

- To develop student ability to examine the world around him through literary experience.
- To provide meaningful reading experiences

III. CONTENT OF COURSE;

2

- 1. Selected readings in the novel, short story, essay, drama and poetry.
- lives and writings of significant early English authors. Small group discussions related to the reading experiences Lecture materials on literary forms, developments and the
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Use of multi-media.

IV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

- Assigned reading for home and class (textbook Class discussions--general and directed. and collateral;
- Oral and written reports on topics arising from literature.
- Term papers.
- Lectures.

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MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATIONS STUDENT ACHIEVENTHE

- Written work
- Student readines of literature Student-teacher conferences

٧1. RASIC T'XT;

Heritage Series:

- ب د The larly Years of Madlich Literature, Europe.

 [hallah Literature, home-tic and Victorian Write, Troy:
 [hallah Literature, Spensor to Goesmill, Kobler;
 [hallah, 1963]

VII. SUPPLIMINTARY WATERIALS:

- Supplementary Looks
- Selected paperbacks
- Other supplementary materials in the library and resource

Cranter

VIII. ADDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS

- Slides Film Strips
- Records
- apes
- Overhead and opaque projectors
- Transparencies

July, 1967, July, 1969

REVISION DATES:

COURSE TITLE DEPARTMENT: COMMUNICATION ARTS

ENGLISH LITERATURE 2

CODE:

PREREQUISITES:

LENGTH OF COURSE:

GRADE LEVELS:

CREDITS:

11, 12

FIVE

ONE SEMESTER

COMPOSITION 1, AND A PREVIOUS LITERATURE COURSE

۲ BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

This course offers the student the opportunity to read selected literary works by contemporary and modern English authors. Som of the authors include Hardy, Conrad, Wells, Maugham, Yeats, Huxley, Orwell, Eliot, Greene, Shaw and Golding. The student required at the end of each unit covered and major term papers may also be required. ments in poetry, drama and the novel. A short essay vill be will share these reading experiences with others in his small Students will become acquainted with trends and develop-

II. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

- 1. To develop an acquaintance with significant 20th Century English writers.
- and the novel. To become aware of trends and developments in poetry, drama
- To provide interesting and valuable reading experiences that will continue, expand and be useful in life.
 To relate reading experiences to the social and personal
- experiences familiar to the student.

III. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

- drama and the novel. Selected and suggested readings in poetry, short story, essay.
- twentieth century English writers. critical analysis and the lives and writings of stanificant Lecture materials on literary forms, trends, developments,
- students. Small croup discussions related to the reading experiences of
- Use of multi-media

IV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES:

- Selected and suggested readings.
- Lectures.
- Small group discussions, unstructured and directed.
- Student essays on units covered.
- Term papers.
- V. MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT:

- Student readings of literature, Student essays and term papers.
- Student-teacher conferences
- Objective and essay examinations
- BASIC TEXT:

:

- Heritage Series:
- English Literature, Romantic and Victorian Writers, Frey:
 Linglish Literature, Spensor to Coldsmith, Kolder:
 Modern English Drama, Barrows:
 Modern English Prose and Poetry, Kubat:
 MacMillan, 1963

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS:

- Selected paperbacks,
- Other sumplementary reading materials in the library and
- μ Supplementary books. resource center.
- VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL WATEPIALS:
- Film strips l'i lms
- Slides

- Records Sade

Transparencies

POWAY UNIFIED OWAY. C ALIFORNIA

COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: MORLD LITERATURE 2 COMMUNICATION ARTS

PREREQUISITES

CODE:

270

CREDITS: LENGTH OF COUNSE

ONE SEMESTER "B" GRADE IN COMPOSITION AND TWO PREVIOUS LITERATURE CLASSES

GRADE LEVELS: PIVE

11, 12

۲. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

This course offers the capable student the opportunity to read major literary works from other nations and cultures as well as his cosm. Students scleet their own titles from succested and recommended reading lists. The student then shares his reading experiences with others in his small group. The student will be asked to read authors such as Ibsen, Strindborg, Chokov, Tolsten, Dostolovski, Hesse, Sophocles, Shaw, Shakespeare and significant modern writers.

II. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE.

- other nations and cultures. acquaint the student with the major literary works from
- To discuss and evaluate the human experiences and values contained in such works.

N

٤, ciate and critically examine literary experiences To expand and develor student ability to aesthetically appre-

TII. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

- Selected readings in the novel, short story, essay, druma and
- Lectures, discussions and media presentations.
- Written responses and research by students on selected themes

IV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES

- Lectures and media presentations.

- Small group discussion--unstructured and directed.
 Assigned and student selected readings.
 Written responses and research by students on selected themes.
 Individual and group presentations; formal or creative.

SCHOOL DISTRICT

MEANS OF METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDYING ACHIEVEMENT

- Student reading
- Student writing and presentations Student-teacher conferences
- Final examination
- BACIC TEXT

-

The Forld In Literature, "Sarnock: Scott Poresman,

1459

1:7. STYLEGIES ANYMAKITAINS

- Other resources available in the library and Chelish Resource Teacher and student selected prose, poerry and dram,
- "ulti-media. Center.

VIII. STVIAL AMBIO-CISCY AMBIATS

field trips. Extensive one of available multi-media.

REVISION DATES:

POWAY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

POWAY, CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT:
COMMUNICATION ARTS
CODE:
CODE:
CODE:
CODE:
274

PREREQUISITES:
NONE
LENGTH OF COURSE:
ONE SEMIJITER

CREDITS:
FIVE

POWAY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

POWAY CALIFORNIA

P

GRADE LEVELS:

9, 10, 11, 12

Tape recorder Movie projector Record player

I. BRITT DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

actor, technician, etc. They will read plays, attend productions, will be invited and encouraged to participate in school productions (all areas). The students will participate in 1 variety of overcises designed to demonstrate the difficulty and depth of proofeement, emotion and sentitivity demanded by this art. and wackground of the contemporary theater. The students will explore the many roles of involvement such as audience, critics, This course is designed to introduce students to elements, theolies

II. MOLJOR MIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSELY

To develop skills in lucerpretation and appreciation for devaluation for develop understanding of the cultural and social movement of the theater.
To involve the students now the control of the students now the

TII. CONTRIBUTION THE COURSE.

- Introduction to contemporary theater, contemporary the sends of listory of sections.

77 SPICING WOLLDIES:

- VY CWILLY file, I steming to tapet and recorder
- Picla trips. Experience number of improvisitions and study of sometime section
- Reading Page.
- THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY AND TO SHOPE SHOWING THE
- Equipment eacher contoroners.
- legores and eriticaes.

POWAY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT OKAY. CALIFORNIA

VIII. AUDIO-VISUAL MATERIALS:

Movie projector Record player Tape recorder

CODE: COURSE TITLE: DRAMA 2

DEPARTMENT:

COMMUNICATION ARTS

PREREGUISITES:

DRAMA 1 AND APPROVAL OF INSTRUCTOR

LENGTH OF COURSE ONE SEMESTER

GRADE LEVELS CRFDITS: FIVE

I. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COUPSE: 10, 11, 12

This course is an in-depth study of dramatic literature, students will read, attend and discuss and analyze plays.

The

MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

ΙΙ.

To give the students an intensive study of dramatic literature. To give the students an epportunity to relate to drama on an intellectual level.

III. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

- Reading, discussing and evaluating plays. View plays and films.
- SPECIFIC ACLIVITIES:

Ę.

- Read plays and criticisms of plays. Class discussions of plays. Field trips.

V. HEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT:

- Students will be evaluated on their participation in class discussions, analysis of plays and play reviews.
- Written analysis and reviews.

VI. BASIC TEXT:

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS.

Plays and critical essays available in library and resource center.

REVISION DATES:

July, 1969

POWAY HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY OUTLINE PAGE NUMBER ()

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PRIEF DESCRIPTION Q COURSE:

This course provides fuidance in the development of inciding and latinate better the course better the selection and latinate better the course better the selection and furthers him language create to the error of the start. The reading provides for the reading incident of skills, apilities, attracted and understanding federate with the student's located development and guidals him into a muse provide as possible. The reading program is threefold: developmental, course the federate and many the federate as possible. corrective and remedial.

MATOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COUPSE:

- To devolop a wide use of reading practices.
 To devolop enthusiasm and interest in readin
- To devotor new techniques or skills in reading a variety of matorial.
- To integrate the larguage arts with the reading program to b) ild greater communication skills.
 To develop greater independence in
- develop greater independence in m recoeful condine and study.

COMPTT OF THE COURSE.

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The reading process includes content thich previous for the Obritana, france freeze to basic skills, artificial is think-oral intrana, which represent a commercial seasons and a reading seasons of the process of the process.

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1111 SUPPLIMENTARY WATERIALS:

reading abilities of students. Standarding rail bullars such as varying degrees of difficulty designed to meet the wise righe of A variety of reading materials are used from all ... ". A. materials are utilized. BUTTORS STORE ALTS

VIII. NUMBER OF STREET AND STREET ALLOS

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- HDf. Skill-builders Reading Accelerators

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POWAY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

OWAY. CALIFORNIA

CODE: COURSE TITLE: DEPARTMENT: READING SEMINAR COMMUNICATION ARTS

284

PREREQUISITES: LENGTH OF COURSE: NONE ONE SEMESTER

GRADE LEVELS: 11, 12

CREDITS:

PIVE

1. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF COURSE:

four year college program. Students will read individually and in groups during class time. They are encouraged to read short stories, lovels, pluys, magazines, etc. which are to their individual tartes. Evaluation is based or quantity of reading, written reports an discussion with designated communication arts Leaviners, with the seminar teacher and with fellow students. The class may be recorded on a contractual basis. Reading S. inar is for students who do not intend to enroll in

II. MAJOR AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

- To encourage the student to think of reading as a leisure time
- activity--as pleasure.
 To encourage the student to exercise his own discrimination accordance with his abilities and tastes.

III. CONTENT OF THE COURSE:

.

- Individually selected readings in novels, short stories, essays,
- drama, poetry, magazines, etc. Discussion with teachers and small groups of students.
- Short compositions.

IV. SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES

- Reading individually selected material during class time. Talking about this reading with the teacher or with students or with other teachers.
 Writing reports.
- ~ MEANS OR METHODS OF EVALUATING STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT:
- Written contracts between Ş teacher and the student. This

REVISION DATES:

his readine coaluated--whether by written work or by oral contract might also indicate how the student wishes to have

- Student readings of literature. Student teacher conferences. reporting.
- Final examination.
- VI. BASIC TEXTS:

None

VII. SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS:

- books from the library.
 Paperback books from Communication Arts Perturbe Conter.
- Other books and magazines.
- VIII. AUDIO-MISUAL MATERIALS:

33

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Leitchfield High School Phase-Elective English Program Leitchfield, Kentucky

Grades 11 and 12

1970-1971



Phase Elective English Leitchfield High School Leitchfield, Kentucky

The teachers in the English department of Letichfield

Migh School have felt for sometime that our class offerings

for juniors and senior students were inadequate for to-day's

educational needs. In seeking a way to improve this situation,

we decided to try the phase-elective approach.

In Cotober, 1969, we English teachers visited Jefferson-town High School in Jefferson County, Kentucky for the purpose of investigating their phase-elective program. We were favorably impressed and decided to try such a program in our school. Although our school is much smaller than Jeffersontown school, we patterned our program after the one which they were using.

At the beginning of our second semester, January 1970, we introduced the phase-elective curriculum for our seniors and the few juniors whose schedule would adapt. We taught for a period of nine weeks each, the following subjects:

Speech

World Literature

The American Novel

Word Study

Research Techniques

Reading for Enjoyment

At the end of the nine-week period, each student changed to enother class of his choice.



An Attitudional Inventory was given at the beginning and again at the end of the semester. This inventory revealed that the students favored the phase-elective plan and regarded it as an improvement over the traditional English class.

We kept the traditional classes for our ninth and tenth grade students because we feel that they need a general-type course. In time we may extend the phase-elective courses to include them.

rortunately there was federal money available to us under TitleIII. With this money we purchased paperback books for the reading class, dictionaries, records, set of books for the American novel class, and teacher resource books. We are eligible this year also (1970-71) for funds under Title III. This money will enable us to purchase more materials and is making it possible for us to add more courses. During this current year, we are including all junior and senior students in a non-graded phase-elective program. From an offering of twenty-one subjects, Fourteen were popular enough to be selected. In three classes, Mass Media, Reading for Enjoyment, and Oral Communication, there was such a demand that two sessions had to be offered. We teachers were delighted about this but somewhat disappointed that there was not enough demand for other classes to warrant their being taught.

The classes are designated phase 1 through phase 5. The lower-phase courses are designed for the weaker students and higher numbered classes are the stronger or college-bound students.



Each student selected four classes and two alternate classes. We then offered the classes most in demand. Each student takes two nine-week courses each semester and must do satisfactory work in each prase in order to get his full credit for English. If he fails to do satisfactory work in one phase, he must make up the work in some subsequent semester. The 1970-71 course offerings are enclosed.

We have only three English teachers for an enrollment of 165 juniors and seniors. All of our problems have not been solved, but we feel that we are moving in the right directionareater appreciation for English as a live, exciting, and versatile subject in our twentieth—century world.



DESCRIPTION OF MIGLISH COURSE OFFERINGS

LEITCHFIELD HIGH SCHOOL

1970-71

English in Today's World- (Phase 1,2) A course designed to prepare more adequately those students who plan to find jobs after graduation. Practical application of English skills will be studied.

Reading for Enjoyment- (Phase 1-3) A course in which class readings of short works, both fiction and non-fiction, willow examined for their bearing on everyday life and problems.

Oral Communication - (Phase 1-3) A practical course designed to help students gain poise, confidence, and enjoyment in communication orally with others.

World Literature - (Phase 4-5) A course which focuses on representative masterpieces of world literature.

American Novel - (Phase 3-5) A literature course focusing attention on such well-known authors as Twain, Hawthorne, Steinbeck, Hemingway and Faulkner.

Our English Heritage - (Phase 3-5) A study which traces developments in English literature, focusing on the study of selected representative works from the earliest days to 1900.

Shakespeare - (Phase 4-5) This course will serve as an introduction to a masterful playwright and will endeavor to create basic insights into some of Shakespeare's better known world of camedy and tracedy.

Journalism - (Phase 2-4) An exploratory course in which certain fundamentals of journalism are taught and given oractical application. This course is strongly recommended for students who wish to serve on the school newspaper staff.

Literary Criticism - (Phase 4-5) A course in which students will find themselves reading with the idea of gaining real insight, discrimination, and judgment as they work with the various literary forms: essay, fiction, drama, poetry, etc. Both the traditional and modern schools of criticism will be encompassed.

Mass Media - (Phase 2-4) A course in which students study and learn to evaluate critically newspaper, macazines, motion pictures, television, and radio.

Our American Heritage - (Phase 3-5) Literature course which explores American ideals, American goals, and Emerican quests for freedom and identity in representative works.



Creative Writing (Phase 3-4) A course for thee students who wish to express themselves creatively and imaginatively in such literary as the short story, poem, essay, drama, etc.

Poetry Appreciation (Pha se 3-4) A course designed to build an understanding of the peen through study of important elements and characteristics of poetry, poetic devices, and poetic forms.

The Living Theatre (Phase 3-5) A study of the great plays of the twentieth century as well as the most popular plays of history.

Word Study (Phase 3-5) A concentrated vocabulary study with emphasis on the use of new words in both writing and speech. Word derivations, synonyms, antonyms, dictionary investigation will also be undertaken.

Redsearch Techniques (Phase 4-5) A course which will introduce students to college researchwriting, requiring a scientific, Estorical, or literary research p aper.

Short Story (Phase 1-3) Reading and discussing short stories with emphasis on study of the elements of the short story and their application.

American Literature of Today (Phase 3-5) A class which focuses on various types of literature produced by Major twentieth critical writers.

English Literature of Today (Phase 3-5) A course which focuses on modern English writers of the twentieth century.

lights and Legends (Pha se 3-5) Course to include the study of the Greek gods and an appreciation of their place in our literary heritage.

Writing I--Stop, Look and Write (Phase 1-2) A writing course which combines a courate observation of photographs and the world around us, with the writing of description and narration.

Oral Communication Same as first semester offering.



Name	
Name	

ATTITUDINAL INVENTORY

Directions: Circle the number corresponding most nearly with your feeling toward each of the following statements. There is no "pass or fail." It's your own opinion that counts.

	that counts.	Strongly Agree	Agree	Uncertain	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
1.	English is the most important and most necessary subject in the curriculum.	5	4	3	2	1
2.	An understanding of English is necessar for progress in all subjects.	ту 5	4	3	2	1
3,	English has been one of my most enjoyable classes in school.	ole 5	4	3	2	1
4.	I am satisfied with my progress in high school English classes.	5	4	3	2	1
5.	A study of literature is an important part of English.	5	4	3	2	1
6.	I enjoy reading books.	5	4	3	2	1
7.	Word study is an important part of English.	5	4	3	2	1
8.	I try to learn the meanings and usage of words I do not know.	5	4	3	2	1
9.	A well-developed vocabulary is an important asset to everyone.	5	4	3	2	f
10,	I enjoy writing themes and research papers.	5	4	3	2	1
11.	It is important for students to learn to do research and write acceptable research papers.	5	4	3	2	1
12.	Each student should consult a good dictionary often in regard to word meaning and usage.	5	4	3	5	1
13.	Student themes and assignments handed in to teachers should be neat, well-written, and grammatically correct.	5	4	3	2	1
14.	Being able to speak and write correctly is an important asset to anyone.	5	4	3	2	1
15. E	I enjoy making reports orally and posting in front of a class.	5	4	3	2	1
FullT	axt Provided by ERIC	Δ	•-			

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Uncertai	in Disagree	Strongly Disagree
16.	My studies in English have helped me to better organize my thoughts in both rpeaking and writing.	5	4	3	2	1
17.	It is important for a student to be a critical reader; in other words, he should be able to determine the accurace purpose, and value of everything he reader.		4	3	2	. 1
18.	Rapid reading is essential—a junior of senior should practice reading until he can read 300-400 or more words per minute.		l,	3	2	1
19.	Each student in English should be allow to progress at his own rate and not be tied down to the speed of other class members.	ed 5	4	3	2	1
20.	Traditicual methods in English (those used before Jan. 5, 1970 in Leitchfield High School) are the best methods of teaching in my opinion.	5	4	3	2	1



Allen County Board of Education Phase-Elective English Program Scottsville, Kentucky

Grades 11 and 12

1970



The new English program is called a Phase-Elective Program. Each course will be 12 weeks in length. A minimum of 3 courses will be required of all juniors. Seniors may take as many as they desire. Each course will offer 1/3 of a credit toward graduation.

Each course is phased. This means degree of difficulty. Phase 1 course will deal in fundamentals. The courses go on up to phase 5 which will be primarily for the college-bound student. Students, parents, and teachers must work together to see that each student registers for courses that are within the phase that he should be.

Elective means that students may take any course that they choose, although they must be approved by the counselor.

Students will not buy textbooks for these courses; however, a fee will be charged to cover cost of materials.

DESCRIPTION OF PHASES

- PHASE 1 Courses are designed for students who find reading, writing, speaking and thinking quite difficult and have serious problems with basic skills.
- PHASE 2 Courses are created for students who do not have serious problems with basic skills but need to improve these skills at a slower pace.
- PHASE 3 Courses are for average students. Students should have a desire to advance their skills at a moderate rate.
- PHASE 4 Students in these courses should be self-motivated. Students should have a good command of basic language skills and be willing to work fairly rapidly.
- PHASE 5 Courses should challenge students who are looking for stimulating academic experiences. Courses four and five emphasize depth and quality. Phase five is designed for college-bound students.



PHASE-ELECTIVE ENGLISH

COURSE OFFERING	PHASE
Creative Writing	3-5
Journalism	3-5
Basic Composition	1-3
Advanced Composition	3-5
Practical English	1-2
Theatre Workshop	2-5
Research Techniques	4-5
Developmental Reading	1-2
Reading For Enjoyment	3-4
Humanities	3-5
Shakespeare Seminar	4-5
Drama	3-5
American Folklore	1-3
Mythology	2-3
Poetry Appreciation	3-5
Mass Media	2-3
Speech Techniques	3-5
Oral Communications	1-2
History of the English Language	5
Nobel Prize Writers	4-5
Word Power	1-?
Vocabulary Study	3-5
Literary Criticism	5
Kentucky Literature	2-4
Frontiers in American Literature	3-4
Contemporary American Literature	',-4
Our English Heritage	3-5
English Literature	3-5
Biography	2-4
Vocational English	1-3



PHASE-ELECTIVE ENGLISH COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

PHASE

3-5 CREATIVE WRITING

This will be an "individual free-thinking period." Students will write essays, poems, short stories, plays, etc. Students will be given individual attention in their writing. Creativity will be the basic theme. Students will be encouraged to enter contests and to submit their works for publication.

3-5 JOURNALISM

This course covers elements of journalistic writing, jobs of those who work on a paper, "pasting-up" a newspaper page, and advertising. Anyone wishing to work on the school newspaper staff should have had this course.

1-3 BASIC COMPOSITION

Students will learn the techniques of sentence and paragraph construction. The emphasis will be on writing better paragraphs with careful attention given to indention, punctuation, topic sentences and clincher sentences.

3-5 ADVANCED COMPOSITION

Advanced Composition will consist of expanding short paragraphs, using precise words to replace trite expressions and writing themes in class. The student should already be familiar with the essential rules of paragraph construction.

1-2 PRACTICAL ENGLISH

Emphasis will be placed upon mastering the skills in basic English. Attention will be directed toward vocabulary, spelling, writing and sentence construction.

2-5 THEATRE WORKSHOP

This will be a practical course in theatre lighting, staging and acting. Students will discuss the duties of everyone involved in a play. Students will participate in a play in some capacity.

4-5 RESEARCH TECHNIQUES

This course will present in-depth studies of the nature and techniques of research. The course will enable students to do college research writing. Students will write a research paper.

1-2 DEVELOPMENTAL READING

Developmental Reading is a course for students who do not read well and do not like to read. Students will have an opportunity to develop comprehension and speed.

3-4 READING FOR ENJOYMENT

This course is designed to encourage students to read with less difficulty and with more pleasure. Students will be encouraged to develop a wide range of reading interests. A student project will be required.



PHASE

3--5 HUMANITIES

This course explores man's heritage as related to music and other art forms. Students will discuss and evaluate the physical, musical, and pictorial environment.

4-5 SHAKESPEARE SEMINAR

Shakespeare Seminar will introduce students to a masterful playwright. Students will read and examine some of his better-known works.

3-5 DRAMA

Drama will be studied as literature. Classical and contemporary drama will be studied, criticized, and evaluated. History of drama will be explored.

1-3 AMERICAN FOLKLORE

Students will examine folklore as the oral tradition of people and as narrative. Various aspects of folklore will be investigated by use of records and film strips.

2-3 MYTHOLOGY

By examining Greek, Roman, and horse myths, students will determine how and why myths began and how they have influenced literature throughout the past 1200 years.

3-5 POETRY APPRECIATION

Poetry Appreciation offers in an interesting and natural manner the techniques, the criticisms and the examples necessary for a good basic knowledge of poetry. Students will be given an opportunity to corpare the newer poets with the older traditional poets, both English and American.

2-3 MASS MEDIA

Students in Mass Media will study differences and evaluate critically the newspaper, magazine, motion picture, television and radio as these influence our society.

3-5 SPEECH TECHNIQUES

Speech Techniques is a course designed for the student interested in improving his public speaking ability. Emphasis is placed on the principles of content, organization, and presentation.

1-2 ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

Oral Communications is designed to help students gain poise, confidence, and enjoyment in communicating orally. Emphasis will be placed on techniques in everyday conversation, listening, short talks, and personal speech habits.

5 HISTORY OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE

This course is designed for college-bound students. The developmental, etymological, and influential aspects of the language will be studied.

4-5 NOBEL PRIZE WRITERS

The student will become acquainted with literary Nobel prize winners in their personal lives and their writings.



PHASE

1-2 WORD POWER

This course is designed to enable students to expand word usage, spelling, and ability to use the dictionary effectively.

3-5 VOCABULARY STUDY

This course is designed to help the student understand the origin and development of words. Students will take a close look at prefixes, suffixes, and root words.

5 LITERARY CRITICISM

A number of major literary works will be thoroughly reviewed and criticized. Critical reports will be oral and written.

2-4 KENTUCKY LITERATURE

This course is designed to acquaint the student with well-known Kentucky authors and their writings.

3-4 FRONTIERS IN AMERICAN LITERATURE

This course traces American writing from the beginning of the nation through the mid-nineteenth century.

3-4 CONTEMPORARY AMERICAN LITERATURE

The ideas and characteristics of America are explored through reading American literature. Movements and trends in literature are presented from mid-nineteenth century to the present.

3-5 OUR ENGLISH HERITAGE

This course follows the English language in literature from its Anglo-Saxon beginning through the seventeenth century. (Chaucer, Shakespeare, the Cavaliers, Milton, Donne and Dryden)

3-5 ENGLISH LITERATURE

Students will study the Romantic, Victorian, and Modern periods of English literature. (18th Century to the present)

2-4 BIOGRAPHY

Students and teacher will select biographies for individual and class reading. Each student will do an in-depth study of one person's life.

1-3 VOCATIONAL ENGLISH

The student will become acquainted with different vocations. Various application forms and letters of application will be studied. Vocational English is principally for non-college bound students.



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Franklin High School Phase-Elective English Program Project Report
Franklin, New Hampshire

Grades 9-12

Title III, July 6 - August 14, 1970

Personnel: Mrs. Eleanor Nudd

Mrs. Caroline Robie Mrs. Anne Rose



PROGRES REPORT

This is a continuation of the work started with Title V funds in May, 1969, carried on through the summer of 1969 and during the ensuing school year of 1969-1970, for which a report has already been submitted.

WORK FORE SUMMER OF 1970

1. A revision of the course descriptions submitted to the students on the preliminary survey in October, 1969. There were 39 offerings in the original survey. The present list has 32 offerings. Most of these were adapted from the courses indicated by the students on the original survey as the most popular. The descriptions also took into account the results of the five pilot classes which were tought January - June, 1970. The courses in Reading Techniques (3) which would require a special teacher were deleted, as we have no specialist on the staff.

As the courses were described, topics and concepts to be considered were noted. Attention was given to available interials as well as to what might be needed in the future. These suggestions will be used as a basis for faculty study and planning for the program during the school year of 1970-1971.

- 2. <u>Division of courses into semester offerings</u> according to phase. There will be 17 different courses offered each semester. There is an overlapping of choices in the different phases and certain courses have been offered each semester.
- 3. Sign-up and scheduling process. In September, 1970, each student to be involved in the program will make two choices for each senester of the following year. These choices will indicate which courses will be affered, and outlined by members of the English Department before September, 1971, when the program will be activated. After the list of offerings has been finalized,



PROGRESS REPORT

each student will make a final choice, with the guidance of parent, teachers, and counselor, of one course for the first senester of 1971-72. A schedule of courses will then be devised for the second semester. The student will choose his second course for the year 1971-72 in September of that year from those available at his level, during the periods which he has free.

4. Outline of Individualized English for Phase 5-4.

Twenty individual contracts were written. Particular attention was paid to materials on hand and those which must be included in the next budget request. This course will be tested this year (1970-1971) with seniors of the indicated phase levels, who will not be involved when the program is implemented. This should indicate any necessary changes.

5. Take and Slide lecture, Introduction to Humanities 1.

This will be used with the present senior humanities course, and will undoubtedly be revemped according to student reaction and suggestion.

6. Community expert file.

This file is a start in compiling a list of names of people in the community willing to talk to individuals or to classes on their fields of interest. This will pertain to the entire school, not just the English program. There has been some response; we hope for more.

* * * * * * * * * * *

The time made available by Title III funds for intensive work on the program has been invaluable. The compilation of bibliographies, the indication of librar, and audio-visual materials which should be purchased - all with the help of the librarian, Ers. Robio - were lifted from the hit-or-riss estegory to a satisfaction of knowing what is here and what is needed, and how where it fits into the curriculum. The tape-slide lecture took the better

part of a week's work, sorothing no one would have time to do during the year. The satisfaction of one well-planned course outline (Individualized English), albeit subject to revision, merely indicates the real need and hope for more funds for the summer of 1971, with more teachers involved, to continue the work of this summer and the coming behook year.

Respectfully submitted,



A NON-GRADED PHASE-ELECTIVE ENGLISH CURRICULUM

- NON-GRADED means that any student may select any English course, since courses are not designated "Freshmah," "Sophomore," "Junior," or "Senior."
- PHASE means that courses are classified according to difficulty and complexity of skills and materials.
 - PHASE 5 courses are designed for students who find reading, writing, speaking, listening, and thinking quite difficult and have serious problems with basic skills.
 - PHASE 4 courses are appropriate for students who do not have serious difficulty with basic skills, but need to improve and refine them and can do so best by learning at a somewhat slower pace.
 - PHASE 3 courses are particularly for those who have an average command of the basic language skills and would like to advance beyond those basic skills but to do so at a moderate rather than an accelerated pace.
 - PHASE 2 courses are for students who learn fairly rapidly and are in good command of the basic language skills.
 - PHASE I courses offer a challenge for advanced students who have excellent control of basic skills and are looking for stimulating academic learning experiences.
- ELECTIVE means that no specific course is required; the student chooses, with guidance, the courses he wants to take.

To conform with state law, four English credits are required for graduation. Each course in this curriculum is 18 weeks (1 semester) in length and carries one-half credit.

IN MAKING YOUR SELECTION, REMEMBER THAT THE PHASE LEVEL AT WHICH YOU FEEL YOU SHOULD WORK IS OF PRIMARY IMPORTANCE.

Please follow carefully the procedures outlined below:

- 1. Read the course descriptions. The basic skills will be dealt with in each course.
- Decide which courses you would be most interested in taking next year.
 Select TWO for each semester, indicating your first and second choices.
 Be sure you fill in all the blanks. Don't forget your name and grade.
- 3. Return the survey forms and course descriptions to your teacher. This is a preliminary survey which will be used by your parents, teachers, and guidance counselors to help you make your final choice.



Course Suggestions:

Course Number 551 THE WCRLD AND YOU (Phase 5; Fall Semester)

In this course you will read and discuss literature which focuses on the problems young people face in growing up today. The literature to be studied includes short stories, plays and novels which explore those problems which arise as the teenager tries to discover his own abilities and interests, what his role in home and community whould be, and to recognize the conflict between conform ity and individuality.

Course Number 552 THE WORLD OF ENTERTAINMENT (Phase 5; Spring Somester)

What do you do in your leisure time? In this course you will explore various forms of entertainment, such as spectator sports, television, movies, theater and music. You will be encouraged to develop your own standards of judgment; why, for example, do you like one movie better than another?

Course Number 553 MYTHOLOGY, FOLKLORE, AND LEGEND (Phase 5; Spring Semester)

In ancient times and in our own day, myths, folklore, and legend have been a part of man's life and have evolved with his culture. From the study of these stories, we can see how all men have been concerned with the same hopes, fears, joys, problems, and ideas.

Course Number 554 BASIC COMMUNICATIONS (Phase 5; Fall Semester)

This course is to help you acquire communication skills - reading, writing, speaking, listening and thinking - and apply them to your everyday life. You will write letters, conduct interviews, and participate in a club meeting. You will examine newspapers, magazines, and radio to evaluate their influence upon your daily decisions. The course is for you if you have problems with language skills and wish to learn at a slower pace.

Course Number 541 INDIVIDUALIZED ENGLISH (Phases 5-4; Fall and Spring Semesters)

In this course you will choose various projects on which to work at your own pace with the teacher's guidance. Among the possible projects will be reading units on such topics as Dating and Farly Marriage, True Adventures, and Sports; research projects on Codes and Ciphers, Travel, and Money; as well as reading exercises and vocabulary practice. A project may take from one to four weeks, depending upon its difficulty and your interest.

Course Number 542 GRAMMAR REVIEW (Phases 5-4; Spring Semester)

Admission to this course will be permitted only if test results show that the student needs further instruction in the rules of grammar and further ties in usage and spelling.

Course Number 511 INDIVIDUALIZED READING (Phase: 5-1; Fall and Spring Semesters)

Individualized Reading is a course in which you will be allowed to read - in the classroom - books that interest you. You will be encouraged to develop a wide range of reading interests and to probe more deeply into the reading that you do. As an aid to evaluating your progress, you will keep a record of your reading in a notebook in which you will comment on your reading experiences. A final project will deal with an author, themo, or type of reading of your choice. Some class instruction in writing will be included.

Course Number 512 RNDIVIDUALIZED WRITING (Phases 5-1; Spring Semester)

This course will help you develop basic writing skills in narration, description, and explanation. Your writing assignments will be based upon personal experiences and observation, and you will be helped to discover, develop and express ideas in a lively, effective way. (Class limit 20)

Course Number 441 LITERARY EXPLORATIONS (Fhase 4: Fall Semester)

In this course you will read westerns, spy thrillers, mysteries, Gothic novels, and science fiction. You will discover the reasons for the popularity of these books, compare the types of hero, and decide whether you like one kind better than another.

Course Number 442 ACCENT: U.S.A. (Phase 4) Spring Semester

This course will offer a wide range of short stories and essays concerned with both the history of America and America today. Students will also be encouraged to read longer works, both fiction and non-fiction, concerning American life.

Course Number 431 BUSINESS ENGLISH (Phases 4-3; Fall Semester)

Th is course is designed as a raylew of punctuation, spelling, and letter styles. Emphasis will be given to those skills needed in transcribing and composing business letters.

Course Number 432 B ASIC COMMUNICATIONS II (Phases 4-3; Spring Semester)

This course is designed to help the student improve his writing, speaking, and study skills on an individual basis.

Course Number 411 THEATER ARTS (Phases 4-1; Fall Semester)

The arts of the theater include stage design, costume design, makeup, lighting, and direction, as well as acting. This course will acquaint you



with some fundamental concepts of theater arts as you participate in the production of several scenes and one-act plays.

Course Number 331 NON-FICTION (Phase 3; Fall Semester)

You will read works other than fiction and analyze them as to purpose, style, and effectiveness. Materials will include magazine articles, essays, biographies, and books on adventure and travel.

Course Number 332 THE BIBLE AS LITERATURE (Phase 3; Spring Semester)

"The Bible is both the all-time best seller and by far the most translated book in the world. For English-speaking people the most significant translation is the King James or Authorized Version, completed in 1611..., Because of its widely acknowledged aesthetic superiority, the King James Version" will be used in this course which is designed to acquaint the student with some of the best known selections.

Course Number 321 AMERICAN HERITAGE (Phases 3-2; Spring Semester)

As a literate American, you will want to be acquainted with some of the great writers of America's past and present. This is your chance to read such authors as Poe, Whitman, Steinbeck, Hemingway, Thoreau, Updike, Robinson, and Frost. Emphasis will be placed on New England authors.

Course Number 311 PUBLIC SPEAKING (Phases 3-1; Fall Semester)

Public Speaking is a course designed for the student who would like to acquire self-confidence and poise while developing formal oral communication skills. Emphasis will be placed on the organization, structure, research and delivery required in public speaking. The student will be encouraged to develop his own thoughts, feelings, and personal attitudes into an effective message for specific occasions.

Course Number 312 JOURN ALISM (Phases 3-1; Spring Semester)

How do journalists determine what is news? Where do they go to find it? How do they write it? What criteria can the public use to interpret and evaluate the written word as it appears in the press? The search for answers will lead the student into an intriguing and practical occupation.

Course Number 313 POETRY SEMINAR (Phases 3-1; Fall Semester)

Poetry is an intensive system of communication. Like other systems, poetry may be best examined by identifying its purposes, its assumptions, and



the rules and rights of both poets and readers. The seminar method will be used to permit the student to express his opinion of how and what a poem means. The course will also provide time for individual reading and writing projects that satisfy the student's own special interests.

Course Number 221 ENGLISH HERTTAGE (Phase 2; Fall Semester)

This course will acquaint you with the ideas and viewpoints that have shaped the thinking of Englishmen. You may read widely or intenseively in the romantic, classical, and realistic traditions of English literature.

Course Number 222 MODERN LITERATURE (Phase 2; Spring Semester)

The upheaval of today's world is reflected in current literature. What insight can be gained by the study of such authors as John Knowles, J. D. Selinger, Harper Lee, Albes, Camus, Anouilh, Beckett, Brecht, and Koestler?

Course Number 211 RESEARCH SEMIN AR (Praces 2-1; Fall Semester)

The course will provide the student with the methods and tools of objective research. After a group investigation of a controversial issue, each student will do research reports - written and oral - on a subject of individual interest.

Course Number 212 DEBATE (Phases 2-1; Spring Semestor)

In this course the student will gain experience in organizing ideas and materials for public discussion and formal debate. After an orientation unit, the student will be expected to research material independently. The annual topic for secondary school debating contests may be used for study.

Course Number 214 EASTERN STUDIES (Phases 2-1; Fall Semester)

With our present involvement in Asia, it may be a matter of survival for us to understand more fully the difference between the Cocidental and Oriental attitudes and points of view. You will be introduced to some of these concepts through the study of the literatures, arts, and philosophies of the Near and Far East.

Course Number 215 ADVANCED GRAMMAR (Phases 2-1; Fall Semester)

This course is for the student who is interested in studying the formal structure of language. He will review latinized graumar and work with structural and transformational systems,



Course Number 216 DRAMATIC LITERATURE (Fhases 2-1; Spring Semester

In this course you will study different types of dramatic literature such as tragedy, comedy, and social drama. You will also become familiar with the evolution of dramatic forms and practices, analyze the structure of plays, and visualize their production.

Course Number 217 LANGUAGE AND REALITY (Phases 2-1; Spring Semester)

What is communication? This course will attempt to investigate the complex process by which human beings relate to themselves, to each other, and to the world around them through language. After a study of the structure of language, you will also consider such areas as the community, the school, the news media, and the ntertainment world.

Course Number 111 PHILOSOPHY (Phase 1: Fall Semester)

Philosophy is concerned with metaphysical, logical, ethical, political, and aesthetic problems. This course will first introduce the student to some of the questions involved and then consider the answers suggested by such philosophers as Plato and Aristotle, Spinoza, Kant, James, Kierkegaard, and Whitehead.

Course Number 112 SHAKESPEARE SEMIN AR (Thase 1; Fall Semester)

This course is designed to help the student understant why Shakespeare is the world's most universally admired playwright. Discussion will deal with the beauty of the language, the-inner conflicts of the characters, and the relevancy of their problems. E ckground reading and the writing of critical analyses will be an essential part of the course.

Course Number 113 SEMINAR IN IDEAS (Phase 1; Spring Scmester)

Seminar in Ideas is a course for the self-motivated student in which the instructor will serve primarily as a source person and an observer. The class will choose a subject or a series of subjects for study from such areas as religion, philosophy, psychology, and moral or social problems. Students will read books and articles, write reports, and be responsible for leading class discussions. (Class limit 15)

Course Number 412 HUMANITE: I (Phases 4-1; Fall Semester)

Art is a part of our daily lives, whether we know it or not. To understerd thy this is so, you will study the different ways man has expressed his idea; and emotions in the areas of architecture, sculpture, painting, literature, music, and the applied arts.



Course Number 314 HUMANTTIES II (Phases 3-1; Spring Semester)

Manis interests change; therefore, his artistic expression changes in subject, form, and style. I ou will study here men's recurring philosophical concerns - with himself, with religion, with the material world - and his expression of these concerns.

NOTE: SEE NEXT PAGE FOR SCHEDULE OF COURSES BY LEVELS AND BY SEMESTER.

FIRST SURVEY FORM FOR NON-GRADED PHASE-ELECTIVE ENGLISH PROGRAM

NAME _ PHASE ____ Last First PRESENT GRADE FIRST SEMESTER (Fall) Course No. Course Title 1st choice Course Title 2nd choice Course No. _____ SECOND SEMESTER (Spring) Course Title _____ 1st choice Course No. ____ Course No. Course Title 2nd choice



Sming

SCHEDULE OF COURSES FOR FALL AND SPRING SEMESTERS ACCORDING TO LEVEL

1

Phase 4		The World and You Basic Communications I Individualized Reading Individualized English Literary Explorations	Phase 5:	The World of Entertainment Myth, Folklore, and Legend Grammar Review Individualized English Individualized Reading Individualized Writing
		Business English Theater Arts Humanities I Individualized English Individualized Reading	Phase 4:	Accent: U.S.A. Basic Communications II Grammar Review Individualized English Individualized Reading
Phase 3	2	Non-Fiction Public Speaking Poetry Seminar	Phase 3:	Individualized Writing Bible as Literature
		Business English Theater Arts Humanities I Individualized Reading		American Heritage Journalism Humanities II Basic Communications II Individulaized Reading
Phase 2	•	English H eritage Research Seminar		Individualized Writing
Phase 1		Eastern Studies Advanced Grammar Public Speaking Poetry Seminar Theater Arts Humanities I Individualized Reading Philosophy	Phase 2	Modern Literature Debate Dramatic Literature Language and Reality American Heritage Journalism Humanities II Individualized Reading Individualized Writing
:		Shakespeare Seminar Research Seminar Eastern Studies Advanced Grammar Public Speaking Poetry Seminar Theater Arts Humanities I Individualized Reading	Phase 1:	Seminar in Ideas Debate Dramatic Literature Language and Reality Journalism Humanities II Individualized Reading Individualized Writing



Fall

Bozeman Senior High School English Curriculum Bozeman, Montana

Grades 10-12

1970-71



BOZEMAN SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL REGISTRATION INFORMATION FOR 1970 - 1971

ENGLISH CURRICULUM

- A. SOPHOMORES English II is required for Sophomores. In addition to their required English, sophomores may take English Electives (Creative Writing, Debate, Journalism, Speech Land Word Clues).
- B. JUNIORS AND SENIORS The BSHS English curriculum enables Juniors and Seniors to take courses in grammar, vocabulary, composition and literature according to their needs and interests. Since all courses are offered on a semester basis, each Junior and Senior will need to select a minimum of two English courses each year in order to meet the State graduation requirement of four English credits. Additional courses may be selected from both the Required and Elective English courses. A description of each follows:
- Advanced Composition The purpose of this course is for the student (especially the college bound student) to become competent at writing essays. Four basic types of essays are dealt with: argumentative, expository, descriptive, and narrative. Material dealing with the essay types is presented to the class; some outside reading is assigned as a basis for essay assignments; there is some class discussion of composition techniques and ideas dealt with in the essays. For the most part, class time is spent in writing the essays.
- American Novel and Short Story A course designed to acquaint students with American novelists and short story writers. Most of the emphasis is placed upon 20th century writers, with some introduction to writers before the 1900's. Students taking this course should plan to do a great deal of reading and very little, if any writing. Students should plan to purchase four or five paperbacks.
- British and World Novel Will explore, compare and contrast the potential and limitations of the novel and short story drawn from British, European and Asian authors.
- Business English and Communication The main objective will be to develop the students ability to communicate effectively in business. Specifically this means: 1. A review of grammar; 2. The ability to set up written communications of all types in such a form that they are pleasing to the eye and easy to read and understand; 3. The ability to spell correctly and to attain variety in business-word usage.
- English II A review of the basic usage of our language and a study of word and sentence structure through literature. Students work with short stories, plays, essays, novels, and poetry. Emphasis is placed on writing, speaking, and reading.
- English III Concentrates on development of American Literature. Much of the writing relates to literature read. Students practice library skills and write a research paper. Includes a review of grammar, intensive study of verbals and usage rules.
- English IV Survey of English literature, including independent reading, composition inspired by and oral interpretation of literature. Also a review of grammar.
 - English Literature Since, in one semester, a survey course is not possible, the course has for its main goal the study of some of the outstanding English authors (Shakespeare, Swift, Hardy), the Romantic poets (Wordsworth, Shelley, Keats, Coleridge, Byron), the Victorian poets, some modern poets, and novelists. A brief time is spent on British short story writers and essayists.
 - History of Theatre I Plays from Sophocles (495-405 B.C.) to Ibsen will be studied.

 The emphasis will be on reading plays and understanding the period in which they were written. There will be some acting.
- ory of Theatre II Plays from Ibsen (1828-1906) to Ionesco (1912-living) will be read. This will be largely modern and contemporary drama. The emphasis will be on reading plays and understanding their period and author. Some acting.

- Individual Problem-Solving Methods Provides experience in the use of the library as an individual study and research center and an opportunity for the mature motivated student to explore his own specific areas of interest and develop individual study habits. Both oral and written reports are made.
- <u>Linguistics</u> Analyze and study the English language through chosen literature cuttings and transformational grammar. Individual research and reporting will be an essential part of this course.
- Mass Communications The study of the effects of the communications media upon our society. It includes emphasis on advertising, the motion picture industry, the press, radio and T.V., magazines and popular culture. Activities include a variety of reading and writing assignments as well as producing a short film.
- Modern Poetry A survey of American and British modern poetry from Walt Whitman and Gerard Manley Hopkins, through the period of T. S. Eliot and Ezra Pound influence, to the protest and rock poetry of the present. Students are encouraged to interpret poetry and to try their hand at writing poetry.
- Mythology Involves the study and interpretation of ancient myths as some of them relate to world literature. This course might include primitive, oriental, Greek and Roman myths. Also included would be the study of the Iliad, Odyssey, and other related works of literature.
- Non-Fiction This course is designed to include the reading and studying of biographies, essays and articles, etc. There will be an emphasis placed upon contemporary issues through the various forms of non-fiction writing today, as well as the study of the non-fiction writers and works of the past. Students should plan to read a great deal and to take advantage of the opportunity to write an example of each type of non-fiction. Purchase of paperbacks necessary.
 - ENGLISH ELECTIVES (Do NOT meet English credit requirement.)
- Creative Writing A class expressly for those who wish to write subjectively.

 Emphasis is placed upon self-expression through the form of the short story, poetry, drama and criticisms. Creative Writing classroom experience aims to sharpen the ability to communicate through written expressions.
- <u>Debate: Theory and Practice</u> This course is designed for the students who are interested in academic or competitive debating. It will provide discussion of debate principles and opportunities for practical application of principles.
- Journalism The objectives of this course are 1. To prepare for work on the high school newspaper. 2. To acquire habits of clear, concise written expression, and a critical attitude toward news. 3. An ability to evaluate the worth of publications. 4. To acquire skill in collecting, condensing, and organizing material. 5. To learn the history and ethics of the newspaper profession.
- Speech I The purpose of this course is to provide speaking experience in the broad fields of speech and to explore the students' skills as a speaker.
- Speech II The purpose of this course is to provide an in-depth study of discussions, debate, contest speech and other related areas of speech.
- Yord Clues The major objectives of this course are: 1. To make familiar those Greek and Latin roots which are clues to meanings of unknown or imperfectly understood English words. 2. To ensure a swifter and more accurate comprehension of what we read. 3. To develop in our own writing and speech finer discrimination in the choice of words.

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Fayetteville-Manlius Senior High School Non-Graded, Phased, Mini-Electives Manlius, New York

Grades 10-12

1970-1971



An Experiment in Non-Graded. Phased, Mini-Statives F - M Senior High School - Sept +970 - June 1971

- Keep regular courses and present groupings on Moncey, Wednesday, Friday.
- 2. Have each pupil chapse in elective Tuanday and Thursday for <u>first</u> beneater and a <u>second</u> one for second semester.
- 3. Electives with by phased 5 (Sasic) to 1 (Sarong).
- 4. Any sophomoto of the forest of senior may enter any elective but phose numbers and request teacher's being in choosing will august submode course for each individual.



Mini-Courses - Tues and Thurs English Department - Non-Graded Electives -- 1970-1971 Same period as regular course

<u>Teacher</u> 1. Conklin	First Semaster Independent Study and Indi- vidual Reading	Second Semester Independent Study and Indi- vidual Reading -Modern Drama, Novets, & Poetry ?
2. Waaser	Play Reading	Emotional Power of Words {Vocabulary Growth!
3. Carr	Speech	Speech
4, Ray	Speach	Speech
5. Farrel!	Linguistics	Writing Clinic
6. Yerrel!	Independent Sindy and Indi- vidual Reading	independent Study and Indi- vidual Reading or Shakespeare Series ():
7. McKinnon	Mechanics of Writing	Reading Comprehension
8. Hiestand	Vocabulary-Preparation for College Boards	Modern Novel
9. Hayes	Creative Writing	Humor in Literature
10. Keane	Literature of Protest (Black and While)	Modern Poetry - Oral Interpretation
II. Henry	Myths of Many Cultures	Humanities (Renaissaunce Mo:
12. Smith	Yales of Adventure & Mystery	Science Fiction ??
13. Wechs er	Speed Reading - Improvemen:	Speed Reading - Improvement of Reading



Some Advantages of the Non-Graded Phased Electives - Mini-Courses of 36 classes (Regular Classes 3 days a week - Mini-Electives 2 days a week)

- 1. Gives each pupit the opportunity to take six electives (more if he wishes) during his high school years at the same time that he is satting the advantage of a regular graded course in English.
- Gives each pupil the chance to benefit from at least 9 teachers for more) in stead of 3.
- 3. Gives some pupils the chance of taking an elective of a somewhat higher phase than his regular lingitsh course.
- 4. Gives each pupil a chance for an Independent Study elective.
- 5. Gives each pupit the chance to get a special elective in Developmental Reading - either Comprehension or Speed Reading or Vocabulary Building.
- 6. Gives each pupil a chance for on elective in Speech.
- 7. Gives some pupils a chance to take some <u>remedial</u> of corrective electives such as <u>Spelling</u> and <u>mechanics of writing</u>.
- 9. Gives each pupil a chance to benefit from the special strengths and interests of the whole English staff.



Mechanics of Plan for Non-Graded Phased Electives 12 days a week)

- Pupils report in September to requier class scheduled in spring. (Same grouping plan and grade level plan we have used in the pasi).
- Teacher fells each class of plan for electives and gives list of electives.
 - a. Two days a week. (will go to requier cless 3 days a week) b. Choice of 6 or 7 electives offered during that period.
- 3. Pupils sign up for electives for first semester and second semester. (Put courses offered in order of preference 4both semesters). Include all electives offered on both lists).
- 4. Teacher files list in English office. Teacher aide gets classes organized (Numbers have to balance). Teacher aide sends lists to regular teachers, who then tell their pupils where to report on Tuesday and Thursdays.
- 5. Electives are marked either P (Pass) or F (failed). If pupil fails, the mark is reported to regular teacher, who reduces the last mark of that semester by one letter grade. Teacher of elective will have to report marks to regular leacher before that regular teacher marks report card for third or sixth marking.
- 5. Teacher teaches some elective to four other groups that semester - same 4 other classes he or she has during day.
- 7. Teacher gives one sentence description of course to typist who will compile list and have ready the descriptions for pupils in Seprember mimeo (1248 needed).
- Teacher also sends brief outline of course and diffood materials to English office for files.
- Teacher Aide sends lists also to Office and to Guidance Office, Study Hall Yearhers.
- 10. During his high school years, a student who wished could take 9 electives instead of 6 and receive 1 unit of elective credits or 12 electives instead of 6 and receive 1 extra unit of credits.



MENT - COURSES

2. Miss Conklin	រិកថខក្ខកថៃខាទ Study	Totally individualized program planned by student with help of vecomer — a student with help of program invitating student choice of subject and individualized development of that choice — imagination, innovation, creatly—ity encouraged.
3. Mr. R _e y	Speech	Effective, practicel speach Exercises in class discussion and debate Dramatic Readings Excercises in a variety of tymal speach situations.
4. Mrs. Carr	Spaech	A course in Speech hus a primary aim; an acquisition of poise. One never fails feeling nervous when appearing in front of a group but a person can learn to conceal this fear. We accomplish these aims through panionime, play reading, synachronizing to records and various other excercises and drills. I make it a habit to allow the students to have much to say in determining what they will study in Speech.
5. Mrs. Wenser	Crai Reading of Plays	Course (self-explanatory fitle) will emphasize voice projection, dramatic effect and enjoyment of the playeright's craft.
6. Mr. Hayes	Creative Writing	A continuing workshop using group discussion and motivation. Students may choose any or all of the major literary forms; postry, short liction, long fiction, drama or solire. Individual student participation will be atressed.
7. Mrs. McKinnon	Organization and Mechanius of Writing	



S. Mr. Farrell	History of the English Language	A servey of the development of the English language, spoken and written, from Indo-European, through Tautonic, with Latinate, Scandiavies and French in-tuences to Middle and Nodern Egglish.
9. Mrs. Hiestand	College Preparatory Vocabulery	A socabulary-building course, with emphosis on the meaning, derivation, pronunciation, and spatting of words commonly encountered in college-level reading.
10. Mrs. Wechster	Speed Reading and Improvement of reading skills	Techniques and practice in in- creasing reading speed with emphasis on flexibitity and comprehension.
II. Are. Smith	Tales of Mystery and Adventure	Reading mystery and adventure stories to increase enjoyment end to desper appreciation.
12. Mrs. Henry	Mythology	Myths of many cultures - Focus of this course is on comparison of the myth of various cultures, with emphasis on the myths of creation and "the Fall" loaginaings of Man's problems)
13. Mrs. Keane	Lilerature of Prolest	An investigation of historical meaning of profest and individual readings on subject, with Rolph Ellison's novet <u>invisible</u> Man as central work



Walter Hines Page Senior High School English Language Arts Course Offerings Bulletin for Parents and Pupils

Greensboro, North Carolina

1970-1971



THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS CURRICULUM

The Page High School English Language Arts Curriculum is divided into four categories: language, literature, composition, and mass media. From these categories, students are assisted by language arts teachers in selecting individual course sequences according to both their interests and their needs. Because of the interrelationship of the language arts skills, all courses in all areas involve reading, writing, listening, speaking, and vocabulary building. It is the primary purpose of this curriculum to supply the fundamental skills necessary for communicating human experience; therefore, the principal objective in all areas of study is to stimulate students to make maximum progress toward clear and appropriate language, toward thoughtful and correct speech and writing, toward intelligent listening and reading, and foward a continuing interest in literature.



Information for Students and Parents

- 1. During the fall semester all incoming sophomores and those students new to Page who show need for more basic instruction will take Introductory Language Arts (ILA). Students will enroll in Basic Reading and/or Basic Composition upon recommendation of the ILA teacher or the junior high school teacher. If so recommended, a student may take one of the basic courses simultaneously with ILA. Ordinarily, however, students are not encouraged to take more than one English language arts course per semester until they have completed ILA and at least one semester of Basic Reading or Basic Composition (if required).
- 2. All students at Page High School must take a minimum of one English language arts course each semester. Except for the restrictions outlined in item one, the maximum number of language arts courses which a student may elect to take in a given semester will be determined on an individual basis after conferences with his teacher and his guidance counselor.
- 3. During his three years at Fage, a student will select a minimum of six semesters of work in the English Language Arts Department; of these, one will be ILA, two must be from literature (including Basic Reading, if required) and two must be from composition, language, and/or mass media (including Basic Composition, if required). Students are expected to pay close attention to meeting college entrance requirements as they select their courses.
- 4. The school store stocks a limited number of paper back books used in our program. These may be purchased by individuals desiring personal copies of class-used materials.



Development of Program

On November 12, 1968, the Page High School English Department unanimously agreed to undertake a complete revision of the language arts curriculum. The first step in developing the new program involved establishing a consensus with regard to weaknesses in the traditional course offerings. Individual courses were then proposed in the four areas in language arts -- composition, language, literature, and mass media -- with literature courses being grouped according to theme, genre, and content or subject. Pupils were surveyed in order to determine their course preferences and needs. Committees and sub-committees were established to outline courses according to a common format; professional materials were studied prior to the preparation of course outlines. Page Language Arts Chart (PLAC) was designed to enable teachers and counselors to determine the skills and concepts stressed in each course and to help assure that there be no omissions in the basic language arts background of each pupil. Plans were outlined for preparation and maintenance of individual pupil profile folders. Recommendations were made regarding orientation, scheduling, testing, research, a department resource center, para-professional assistance, and a summer workshop to prepare a syllabus and to plan for the implementation of the program. The proposal was approved by the Senior High School Curriculum Committee of the Greensboro City Schools on March 12, 1969 and a workshop ensued in the summer.

Throughout the development of the program, prior to its being implemented, many people gave valuable assistance and advice. Page librarians, guidance counselors, and members of seven other departments within the school were called upon for help at various points, as was Nelson Wallace, Testing Supervisor for Greensboro City Schools. Principal Robert Newton gave constant support in countless ways. Dr. Kenneth R. Newbold, Assistant Superintendent for Instruction and Pupil Personnel Services, worked closely with Page teachers, and Dr. W.J. House, Superintendent of Schools, gave his endorsement to the project. Conferences were held with representatives of the State Department of Public Instruction and with Dr. Daniel Beshara, Regional Director, Advanced Placement Program. Teachers participating in the summer workshop of 1969 attended the summer conference of the North Carolina English Teachers Association at Boone, North Carolina, where they consulted with Dr. James Layton, reading clinician at Appalachian State University. Mr. William B. Brown, former behavioral psychologist at the University of Houston, visited Page on three occasions, spending one full day training and advising workshop members in the writing of BSO's. After having studied copies of the material prepared during the school term, Dr. Ployd Rinker, Assistant to the President of College Entrance Examination Board and former Executive Secretary of the Commission on English, analyzed and evaluated the new program in the light of national trends in language arts curricula.

In the summer of 1970, six English language arts teachersat Page studied the course critiques made by students and teachers during the first year the program was in operation. Then they edited and/or revised each course description and appended to most courses material of service



to the teacher. The third level of composition and of reading was changed from "Basic" to "Intermediate" and both were re-designed. In addition, two entirely new courses were outlined.

Workshop Members, 1969:
Woodrow Carney
Barbara Ferrell
Iris Hunsinger
Carolyn Lithgo
Sue Medley
Martha Morris

Workshop Members, 1970
Tony Eryant
Nell Hofer, secretary
Iris Hunsinger
Carolyn Lithgo
Sue Medley
Betty Sexton
Lois Wyche



PURPOSES OF THE NEW LANGUAGE ARTS PROGRAM AT PAGE

- 1. To provide better motivation and direction for pupils and teachers
- 2. To measure achievement realistically and purposefully
- 3. To afford sequential or developmental progress
- 4. To prevent unnecessary repetition of subject matter
- 5. To provide the means for interested people to study the Page English Language Arts Program
- To give language arts teachers greater responsibility in serving as counselors in helping students select the courses which will best meet their needs and interests
- 7. To put less emphasis on more acquisition of knowledge and more reliance on conceptual learning and cognitive skills
- 8. To offer courses which provide the means of meeting the needs of every pupil
- 9. To structure courses with specific but flexible demands
- 10. To put into practice the interrelationship of all the language erts skills in every course
- 11. To design a program based on behavioral objectives rather than textbooks
- 12. To eliminate "repeat sections" and "tracks" or "levels" and permit students from any grade and any ability group (except special education) to take any course (except AP) if the course is needed by that student
- 13. To provide for more individualized instruction through various levels of progress within the basic courses and independent study in all courses
- 14. To eliminate the apparent effort to teach everything to every pody every year and probably teach nothing



ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS COURSES

Pé	ge No,		Computer No.
	000	Introductory Language Arts (TIA)	1025
Co	mpositi	on:	
	001	Basic Composition A	1055
	002	Basic Composition B	1055
	003	Intermediate Composition	1056
	004	Advanced Composition	1060
	005	Dramatics A	1070
	006	Dramatics B	1070
	CO7	Speech A	1090
	800	Spaech B	1090
	009	Beginning Creative Writing	1058
	010	Advanced Creative Writing	1059
Ma	ass Medi	a:	
	021	The Art of Film	1078
	022	Script Writing	1079
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INTRODUCTORY LANGUAGE ARTS

000

Introductory Language Arts is required of all incoming sophomores and those students new to Page who demonstrate a definite need for improvement of their language arts skills. The purposes of the course are (1) to orient the student to Page High School and to the language arts curriculum, (2) to diagnose his abilities and give guidance in planning his language arts program, and (3) to reinforce certain language arts skills. It is a highly structured course taught by multiple teachers with a lead teacher(s) in order to provide uniform emperiences vital to the objectives of the program. Diagnostic tests are administered early in the program and a pupil profile folder is maintained for each student. No single text is the basis for learning; rather, a bibliography of resources is to be consulted. Except for introductory and concluding portions, the program is organized by units (or minicourses) for which students are scheduled according to need.

The introductory unit includes administration of various diagnostic texts, orientation to Page, and simple composition. Based on his performance on the diagnostic tests and in class, each student will be scheduled for up to four of the following units of study: Use of the Library, Parliamentary Procedure, Speech Improvement, Introduction to Language, Learning by Association, and Independent Study. The concluding unit includes listening skills, literary skills, and individual counseling to schedule future language arts courses.

BASIC COMPOSITION, A and B

001-002

Basic Composition, a requirement for those whose writing performance in Introductory Language Arts is below the established standard for that course (000), may be taken by any student who needs further work in elementary composition principles. It is an individualized course providing intensive practice in correct usage and clear expression of ideas. Level A embraces sentence construction, while Level B emphasizes writing unified paragraphs and simple essays.

INTERMEDIATE COMPOSITION

003

This course is concerned with individualizing the student's writing progress; hence, the student is expected to go through a semi-programed sequence of instruction and application at his own pace. The teacher will give individual guidance and evaluation of student writing. He will present theory, test the understanding of it, and structure appropriate writing assignments at each stage of the sequence.

ADVANCED COMPOSITION

004

Advanced Composition is designed to train students to write clearly and correctly with attention to content, organization, diction, and rhetoric. Students will learn to recognize, employ, and evaluate the techniques of expository writing and will complete a research paper as an independent project. Topics for writing should be derived from essays studied by the class as well as from individual interests and experiences. Each student should maintain a folder of corrected and revised assignments so that six-week and semester performance and progress may be evaluated in individual student-teacher conferences.



DRAMATICS A 005

Beginning with a brief sketch of the development of the theater from primitive man to the twentieth century, this course affords the student the opportunity to participate in group and individual rantomimes, inprovisations, and scenes, with an emphasis on stage movement and oral projection and with pertinent assignments in reading and composition.

DRAMATICS B 006

This course involves practical study in make-up, costuming, stage setting and stage lighting as well as concentrated work in producing one-act plays; therefore, the student will evaluate the work of his peers and that of professionals. Dramatics A is not necessarily a pre-requisite.

SPEECH A 007

This course is designed to assist the student in improving his oral communication. Much use will be made of the tape recorder in allowing the student to discover and overcome his own weaknesses. Emphasis will be placed on (a) improving the student's self-confidence through practice in speaking and (b) learning to express thoughts clearly and effectively in a speaking situation.

SPEECH B 008

In Speech B the student is given the opportunity to understand and apply the principles of inductive and deductive reasoning, to develop skills in persuasive speaking and critical listening, and to learn to prepare and present a traditional debate. Members of the Page High School debating team may come from this class. Prerequisites for the course are Speech A and/or teacher recommendation.

BEGINNING CREATIVE WRITING

009

Because it is recognized that not every person can attain excellence in creative writing, students in this course will be evaluated on the basis of progress, with the first assignment in each unit serving as a pre-test and the last assignment serving as a final test. Growth in the ability to evaluate peer writing should also be measured. While errors in spelling, grammar, and sentence structure should be corrected in revision, they should play a minute part in determining grades. Instruction must be highly individualized. Students of ability should be allowed to progress beyond the scope of this course and work with objectives delegat · to Advanced Creative Writing.

ADVANCED CREATIVE WRITING

010

In Advanced Creative Viting students will continue to develop in greater depth and intensity all of the behavioral objectives of Beginning Creative Writing (a pre-requisite for this course). Pupils in this



ADVANCED CREATIVE WRITING (continued)

will be evaluated on the quality of their writing as well as on their growth and effort; however, instruction must continue to be highly individualized. This semester of work emphasizes narration and short story writing, but provision will be made for the student whose interests and abilities lie in poetry or another literary form. (The student who desires to write drama may take Script Writing rather than Advanced Creative Writing.)

THE ART OF FILM

021

The Art of the Film is a course designed to about the student to the nature, quality, incluence, and assative potential of motion fictures. The student is not broined in photography, but nother in educated critical viewing of films.

SCRIPT WRITING

022

This course is designed to give students a knowledge of the written form of scripts for radio, television, motion pictures, and the theater. Students are expected to develop an appreciation for these forms while they improve their writing ability. Students are required to compile portfolios of revised assignments that will be evaluated regularly in conferences with the teacher.

JOURNALISM I and II, A and B

023-026

Journalism I and II cover the newspaper publication as it pertains to high school needs. They build from basic principles and procedures to actual production in the first year (Journalism I). The second year (Journalism II) emphasizes review and production. The production includes the supervision of apprentice-students in Journalism I. Professional and student publications are utilized as often as possible to demonstrate techniques and practices.

YEARBOOK I and Il, A and B

027-030

The courses in yearbook have two main goals: (1) to teach the student the business of publishing from providing publication revenue to the actual printing of a publication, and (2) to promote a spirit of cooperation, organization, and self-discipline through a highly structured, real business venture. The yearbook should be regarded as a means, not an end; as a teaching device, not an extracurricular activity.



PRINT, SIGHT, AND SOUND: A SURVEY OF MASS MEDIA

031

This course is designed to help the student develop critical reading, listening, and viewing habits in regard to newspapers, magazines, radio, and television. Units should be organized around each of the four media; however, learning will be less fragmented and more comparable to real life if the media are tied together by means of comparison and contrast whenever possible. The primary purpose of the course is to develop the standard language arts skills while encouraging students to become more discriminating consumers of mass media.

LANGUAGE: ITS NATURE AND HISTORY

Ohl

This course is an in-depth study of the history and nature of our language. Emphasis will be palced on the changes in order, structure, and usage of the language.

MODERN GRAITMAR

042

In this course the student briefly examines traditional, historical-comparative, structural, generative, and transformational grammars so that he may understand the main differences between traditional grammar and the modern grammars. The bulk of the course consists of the process of generating complex sentences from simple ones. The phonemic alphabet, pitch, stress and juncture, function words, morphemes, and compositions will also be studied.

LINGUISTICS

043

Linguistics is designed to increase the student's awareness of the psychological and social functions of our language as reflected in literature. Students will therefore read selected portions of major works (dramas, novels, the Bible), full length essays, and poems. Semantics, dialectology, and usage are stressed so that the student may gain a greater understanding of how the society influences our language. This course offers much opportunity for group work and independent study.

BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS

044,045

Business Communications is designed for seniors taking business courses including Cooperative Office Occupations, Distributive Education, and Industrial Cooperative Training. This course includes word study, oral communications, review of English fundamentals, parallel reading, principles of letter writing, business reports, and other written business communications. One semester of typing is a pre-requisite for this course.

BASIC READING, A and B

051-052

Basic Reading is a requirement of those whose reading performance in Introductory Language Arts is below an established standard for that ourse (000). Students who realize that they have reading difficulty

BASIC READING. A and B (continued)

may also elect to take Basic Reading. Each student progresses at his own pace and may be re-cycled when achievement does not meet specified levels. A student may complete Basic Reading in one senester for one semester's credit, or he may remain in the course two semesters, earning credit for each semester of satisfactory work. After the first semester, the student may elect to take a second language arts course in addition to Basic Reading. Any student recommended for this course by a junior high school teacher may take it simultaneously with Introductory Language Arts.

INTERMEDIATE READING

053

Intermediate Reading is structured so that the student may develop an appreciation for literature while he improves his language and composition skills. Following the inductive method the course stresses vocabulary improvement, discussion techniques, sentence structure, reading improvement and composition skills. The literature section of the course is designed so that students may see the relationship between literature and other types of art. The language and composition section of the course is interwoven with the literature section so that students may generate meaningful writing from literature partinent to their everyday lives. Classes are limited to those students who demonstrate a need for definite reading improvement beyond Pasic Reading.

ADVANCED READING

05L

In Advanced Reading the student will follow an individualized program in which he will work at his own pace to develop both speed and comprehension in reading. This is not a "speed reading" class, for the greatest emphasis is placed on critical and interpretive reading. Membership in the course will be permitted only upon the recommendation of the student's language arts teacher.

THEME IN LITERATURE: THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MAN AND WOMAN

056

This course is designed to share with the student the experience and insights of mature writers in order to develop an understanding of the conflicts and attractions between men and women. Short stories, novels, poems, and plays will constitute the materials of the course. Student discussion (oral and written) and problem solving will be emphasized.

THEME IN LITERATURE:
THE SEARCH FOR PERSONAL IDENTITY AND VALUES

057

This course is designed to aid students in their search for personal identity and values. Its philosophy is that one finds himself by finding others. The course should involve a great deal of open discussion. Reticent students should be given priority attention.

THEME IN LITERATURE: MAN AND SOCIETY

058

The major purposes of this course are (1) to point out characteristics of society, (2) to show man's desire to escape from society, (3) to suggest some possible acceptable solutions to social problems, and (4) to discuss various utopian societies and compare them with our society. Novels, short stories, poems, and biographies are used in order to show the effect of man and society on each other. The student will finish a teacher-approved independent semester project.

THEM: IN LITERATURE: THE ACHIEVEMENT AND LIMITATIONS OF MAN

959

Since man has the innate desire to succeed, the student will seek to discover how man can diminish his limitations and increase his achievements. The students will observe man's successes and triumphs in life along with his weaknesses and failures through the study of current periodicals, poetry, novels, short stories, and biographies.

MYTHS AND LEGENDS

060

In studying myths, legends, and folktales from various countries and times, students in this course will focus their attention upon the origins, meanings, and influences of folklore on language, literature, and the arts. The major portion of class time will be allotted to the pursuit of independent study and group activities which will reinforce the understanding and importance of mythology as it relates to life and literature. Much attention will be given to word study and the interpretation of quotations in literature; in addition, each student will prepare a minimum of two creative projects related to the course.

LITERATURE OF THE BIBLE

061

The major purposes of this course are (1) to fill the void in our knowledge of our literary heritage in the Bible and (2) to gain an appreciation of the literature of the Bible through identifying its effects on the art forms of Western culture (music, art, drama, language, etc.). Selections from both the Old and the New Testament will be studied from the point of view of literature instead of religion.

ETHNIC LITERATURE

062

The students in this course will read principally from American literature by and about Negroes, Jews, American Indians, and Mexicans, so that (1) the members of a minority may develop a more realistic self-image and (2) both the majority and the minority may acquire new insights into the reflections in literature of the thoughts, problems, and aspirations of individuals belonging to minority groups in America. Two independent study projects will be prepared during the semester.



ETHNIC LITERATURE (continued)

The word <u>ethnic</u> is hereby defined as "of, belonging to, or distinctive of a particular racial, cultural, or language division of mankind;" also, "of or belonging to a population subdivision marked by common features of language, customs, etc."

The word <u>cultural</u> is defined here as "the sum total of the attainments and learned behavior patterns. . . regarded as expressing a traditional way of life subject to gradual but continuous mcd-lification by succeeding generations."

THE SHORT STORY

063

The purposes of this course are (1) to acquire a working knowledge of the techniques used in the writing of the short story, and (2) to become familiar with the various works of noted authors. An approved independent study project will be completed by each student.

THE SHORT STORY AND THE NOVEL

064

In this course the student will examine, compare and contrast the elements of both the short story and the novel. Selections will be made from works of fiction which will enable one to (1) draw parallels or contrasts in elements, and/or (2) study both types of literary forms by the same author.

THE NOVEL

065

This course will be an intensive study of the novel form. The purpose will be to enable the student (1) to discover deeper insights into human experiences and values, (2) to acquire an understanding of the nature and purposes of fiction, and (3) to develop the ability to examine a novel according to its internal structure. A minimum of four novels (one classic and three modern) will be studied in depth. Individual parallel reading will be encouraged. Each student will prepare an independent study project by the end of the semester.

POETRY, MUSIC AND ART

066

The course Poetry, Music and Art will explore the audial relationships between poetry and music and the visual relationships between poetry and art. Interpretation in the narrow sense of technical analysis is not intended. Imagination and involvement should be the key objectives in planning activities. Both classical and contemporary selections should be employed. Each student will complete an independent semester project.

POETRY FOR ANALYS IS

067

chis course is the study of the development of poetry during imit periods, the various types of poetry, the internal structure
or poetry, poetic devices, and the relationship between form and content.
The student will learn to write or leating of poems and will complete

This course is an introduction to the reading of drama with an emphasis on appreciation. Attention will be placed on character development, sequence of action, presentation of theme, and setting.

DRAMA: STUDY IN DEPTH

069

070

This course involves an in-depth analysis and interpretation of selected dramas from world literature. Attention will be placed on analyzing individual characters and evaluating plays from various periods. Each student will complete an independent study project.

NON-FICTION

In this course the student will acquire a deeper insight into the thoughts, problems and personalities of people in various parts of the world through reading selected biographies, essays, speeches, periodicals, etc. In addition, they will become more keenly award of the relationship of self to other people. Students will also become award of the numerous forms of non-fiction literature, and prepare a teacher-approved semester project.

ADVANCED PLACEMENT ENGLISH

071-072

This is a college level course for students with exceptional ability. The content of the course is concerned with a mature understanding and enjoyment of literature and the making of free responses to the works read. Units of study are organized around literary types: essay, poetry, drama, and novel. The approach to the various literary forms is interpretative, analytical, comparative, and critical. Students enrolled in this course are required to take the examination prepared by the College Board's Advanced Placement Program. Membership is restricted to twelfth grade students selected because of their ability and achievement displayed in two previous years of intensive study in literature and composition. It is suggested that Advanced Composition and three or four literature courses studied in depth might be helpful in preparing for Advanced Placement English.

WORLD LITERATURE

073

World Literature students will pursue a basically independent and in-depth study of representative works of both fiction and non-fiction principally from countries other than Britain and the United State. Students will frequently serve as seminar leaders in presenting material read independently and/or in small groups. Admission to the course is limited by teacher referral and screening process.

SHAKESPEARE

075

Students in this course will gain an over-view of Shakespeare as a dramatist and poet through a study of selected plays, sonnets, and songs, with an independent reading of the biography Shakespeare of London by Harcette Chute. Five plays - Julius Caesar, Twelfth Night, Hamlet, King Lear, d The Tempest - together with selected sonnets and songs will form the basis or the course. Each student will also read one comedy, individually chosen, will complete an independent study project.

The Art of Film is a course designed to alert the student to the nature, quality, influence, and creative potential of motion pictures. The student is not trained in photography, but rather in educated critical viewing of films.

Behavioral Objectives:

- To illustrate the limitations and possibilities of film by writing descriptive papers on objects, aspects of nature, or characters and illustrating them with photographs made by the student or clipped from periodicals
- 2. To perform library research on a topic related to the history of motion pictures
- 3. To report orally and/or in writing on research findings from above
- 4. To discuss throughout the course the influence of the motion picture on the individual and on society (include censorship, propaganda, etc.)
- To discuss film techniques and film reviews with guest critics and filmmakers
- 6. To analyze film reviews in current periodicals in order to learn techniques of review writing
- To criticize orally a series of films, emphasizing points that could be made in a review
- 8. To write reviews of films viewed in class and independently
- 9. To maintain a vocabulary notebook including words related to filmmaking techniques as well as words selected by the teacher from films viewed in class and from assigned reading
- 10. To discuss the "language of films" (see Exploring the Film) and to identify this language in films viewed in class
- 11. To analyze and evaluate films viewed in class and independently in the light of techniques of "visual language" (see #10 above)
- 12. To outline steps in filmmaking, describing the roles of various participants (See Exploring the Film.)
- 13. To analyze and evaluate in films the effects of techniques involving such elements as the following: framing, camera distance, camera speed, angle, lighting, color, motion, and sound (including background music)
- lu. To indentify, analyze, and evaluate film methods of portraying emotions, building suspense, sustaining mood, and utilizing symbols
- 15. To identify and discuss the techniques for developing characters in films viewed



To write character analyses based on selected film roles

THE ART OF FILM 021

17. To construct plot outlines of films viewed in class or independently

- 18. To identify, analyze, and evaluate techniques peculiar to documentary films
- 19. To compare and contrast films with television paying attention to the techniques, advantages, and disadvantages of each medium
- 20. To compare techniques used in a novel, short story, or drama with those used in a film version of the work (Use All the King's Men, Arsenic and Old Lace, or Caine Mutiny. See also the film On the Waterfront and "Why Write if You Can't Sell it to Picture." in Adventures in American Literature, Olympic ed.)
- 21. To complete, as an individual or group project, one of the following activities: --
 - a picture-story using a series of photographs (original or clipped from periodicals) or drawings
 - an original scenario, specifying special techniques to be used in filming
 - c. an original film
 - d. a film made by splicing old home movies (See camera ships for movies developed but never called for.)
- 22. To evaluate orally or in writing the projects done by classmates

Materials and Resources

I. Audio Visual Materials

A. Free films (Greensboro A-V dept.)

"Fiddle Des Des" "Hen Hop"	li minutes
"Loon's Necklace"	ñ
"Surrealism"	7
"El Patito Feo"	'n
"Ugly Duckling"	10
"Le Plus Petit Ange"	11
"Pompeii and Vesuvius"	11
"The Gossip"	13
"Fox and Rooster"	10
"Morning on the Lievre"	
"Three Fox Fables"	10
Time of Wonder	13
"20,000 Leagues Under the Sea"	.10
"Aesop's Fables" I,II,III	12,10,12
"Pacific 231"	
"Beher and the Wolf"	14
"Geological Work of Ice"	21
"Indian Dances"	11
"Life in the Desert"	u
"Geology of the Grand Canyon"	17



"The Aged Land" (Greece) "The Grand Canyon" "The Oregon Trail" "America the Beautiful "The Stone Cutter"	25 29 25 28 6	minutes
"Adventure in Space"	14	
"Aerial Tour of WSMR"	10	
"An American Rendezvous"	20	
"The Blue Angels" (pilots)	14	
"Crossover" (SFP1151)	14	
"Journey into Space" (animated)	12	
"Sport of the Space Age"	20	
"A is for Architecture"	30	
"Neighbours"	27	
"A Phantasy"	8 6	
"Short and Suite"	6	
"Corral"	12	
"Glas-Leerdam"	10	
"Expo 167"	23	
"Red Kite"	17	
"Fastest Indy 500"	25	

B. Short films (rental

from Learning Institute of North Carolina

"Dream of Wild Horses"	\$2,00
"No Reason to Stay"	\$2.00
"Great Adventure"	\$5.00
"Home of the Brave"	\$4.00
Nanook of the North	\$5.00
"Night of the Fog"	\$2.00
"Occurence at Owl Creek Bridge"	\$2.00
"Thy Han Creates"	\$7.00

from McGraw-Hill Catalogue:

"Chickamauga"	\$25,00
"The Game"	\$ 8.00
"Phoebe"	\$ 8.00
"ifinister of Hate"	\$11.00

from Metropolitan Museum of Art:

"Fall of the House of Usher" (1928)	\$12.00
"Life and Death of a Hollywood Extra"	\$ 6.00
"Un Chien Andalou" (1929 silent)	\$12.00
"L'Histoire du Soldat Inconnu"	\$ 6.00
Birth of a Nation excerpt (1915)	\$ 6.00
"You Only Live Once" (to show cuts and	takes
"Guernica" (Flaherty, unfinished)	\$ 6.00



021

THE ART OF FILM

Other sources:

"Appalachian Spring" (Martha Graham)	\$16.00
University of California	
"Harlem Wednesday" (McGraw-new releases)	\$12.00
"Huelga!" (1965) (McGraw new releases)	\$30.00
World of '68" Brayerman	\$10.00
"American Time Capsule	\$ 8,00
"Primordium" (Jerry Panezer)	\$10.00

C. Full-length films

Casablanca (Twyman films)	\$2 3, 00	
On the Waterfront (Twyman films)	\$37.50	
This is Marshall McLuhan: the medium		
is the message	(McGraw-Hill)	\$35.00
Harvest of Shame (McGraw Hill)	\$25.00	
The Virginian (1929) (Met.)	\$45.00	
What Price Glory (1926) (Met.)	\$45.00	
Million Dollar Legs (Met.)	\$40 . 00	
Cabinet of Dr. Caligari (Met.)	\$30.00	
Blue Angel (von Sternberg) Met.)	\$45.00	
All the King's Men (Brandon Cinema)	\$22.50	
Arsenic and Old Lace (Brandon)	\$22.50	
Caine Mutiny (Brandon)	\$25.00	
Chaplin Festival (Brandon)	\$22.50	
42nd Street (Brandon)	\$20,00	



North Dakota Department of Public Instruction English Language Arts Curriculum Gride Bismarck, North Dakota

Secondary Education

September 1970

M. F. Peterson Superintendent of Public Instruction



ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

OBJECTIVES

The English language arts program is comprised of the body of related subject matter, or the body of related courses, organized for carrying on learning experiences concerned with developing the following:

- Proficiency and control in the use of the English language.
- 2. Appreciation of a variety of literary forms.
- Understanding and appreciation of various aspects of past and present cultures as expressed in literature.
- 4. Interests which will motivate a desire for lifelong participation in the language arts.

COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

Courses in English language arts involve subject matter and experiences concerned with knowledge, understanding, and skills designed to develop competency in the use of language. Emphasis is on (1) oral language involving "intake" (listening), and "output" (speaking), and (2) written language involving "intake" (reading), and "output" (writing). Mental activities include the development of vocabulary, concepts, interpretations, reactions, responses, and concentration on skills in listening, speaking, reading, and writing.

The language arts skills are developed in the following courses which can be studied individually, but for maximum results should be treated in a language arts block as a unified subject up through grade ten, and in grades eleven and twelve except for half-year electives. Such courses should also be correlated with other subject areas, when appropriate.

Brief course outlines follow the sequence chart and the list of English electives optional for schools wishing to offer a wider variety of courses at the secondary level in place of the traditional courses, English I-IV.

It is not intended that this entire list of courses be offered in each school, but that this will give direction in choosing electives to be offered. Any of these electives may be offered in addition to English III and IV, or in lieu of English III and IV. In the latter case at least four electives must be offered each year to students in grades eleven and twelve. There should be balance between literature and grammar/composition courses.

For further information and help on the various grade levels, see also the curriculum guide, English Language Arts for North Dakota, 1969.



ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

Grades	Weekly Time Allotment	Weeks Per Year	<u>Credit</u>	Sequence
1 2 3 4 5 6	800-850 min. 725-775 " 605-715 " 480-590 " 480-590 "	36 36 36 36 36 36	 	Sequential program incorporating literature, reading skills, language study, speech, writing, spelling, word study, etc.
7 8 9	350-425 " 350-425 " 5 periods	36 36 36	1	Balanced program for all in literature, language study, oral and written composition; often organized around units of instruction; attention throughout to skills involved in thinking, speaking, reading, and listening; emphasis on phases of grammar in grades 7,8, and 9 only; skills as needed in subsequent years; speech unit suggested for all in 9; usage.
10	5 periods	36	1	Continuation of language study, oral and written composition, and types of literature (often including world literature); journalism unit suggested; skills as needed.*
11**	5 periods	36	1	Emphasis on American ideals and ideas as expressed in American literature. Continued development of speaking and writing competence. Continued work on skills as needed.*
12**	5 periods	36	1	Emphasis or English literature, or world litterature including English literature propriate speaking and writing explanations. Continued work on skills in needed.*

See the curriculum guide, English Language Arts for North Dakota, 1969, for additional information and suggestions.

^{*}Effort should be made to avoid continued emphasis on all places of granmar each year, in constant repetition.

See optional English electives, following page.

ELECTIVES

For schools with more than one English class per grade and with a sufficient number of staff members, all electives listed below may be offered to students in grade twelve or in grades eleven and twelve. Teachers assigned such courses should have had training in each specific area of assignment, as with electives currently listed in the Administrative Manual (at least five semester hours in each specific area).

English electives for these grades may be offered at the option of individual schools, according to the needs of the students and of the community, and in accordance with the strengths of the English staff of the school. Although students should have some choice of courses, they should receive guidance in making selections. Students should also have an opportunity to take more than four units if they so choose.

For each of the first two electives listed, Advanced English and Business English, up to one unit of credit may be applied toward the two units of English for grades eleven and twelve. For all other electives, one half-unit of credit for any one elective may be applied toward the two units for grades eleven and twelve, including those courses which may extend to a one-year or two-year sequence (i.e., Debate, Journalism, and Speech.)

ELECTIVE COURSES, Grades 11-12 (optional):

•	Time Allot.	Per./Week	Weeks	Credit	
Advanced English	1 period	5	18-36	½-1	Program for accelerated
					students; one credit if
					it includes literature.
Business English	1 period	5	18-36	¹₂-1	See course description.
					May be one credit if it
					includes literature.
Debate	1 period	5	18-72	½-2	See course description.
Journalism	1 period	5	18-36	15-1	See course description.
Speech	1 period	5	18-72	1 ₂ -2	See course description.

11-12 Electives, cont.:

American Literature English Literature Modern Literature	Composition Advanced Composition Creative Writing	18 weeks each, ½ credit each one period per day			
World Literature	Grammar				
Biography	History of the	See course descriptions for			
Drama	English Language	content of these courses.			
Fiction	Semantics				
Poetry					



ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

Grammar -- The division of linguistics including primarily morphology and syntax; hence the study by various methods of the structural devices by which the meaning-bearing units of a language (morphemes, words, phrases, sentences) are identified and their relationships indicated.

Traditional Grammar (School) -- The study of the type of English grammar commonly taught in schools from the nineteenth century on, generally using semantic criteria for identifying "parts of speech" and other categories derived from Latin grammar, emphasizing sentence analysis, and often normative in aracter and prescriptive in application.

Structural Grammar (Descriptive) -- Study concerned with the type of grammar which objectively describes and analyzes the structure of a language in terms of (1) formally identifiable units in a hierarchy of increasingly complex combinations, and (2) the immediate and ultimate constituents of sentences. (The term "Descriptive Grammar," sometimes used synonymously with "Structural Grammar," properly includes any kind of grammar derived inductively from objective observation of a body of utterances in a language.)

Generative Grammar -- The type of grammar which uses a set of rules, in a required order, capable of generating (or accounting for) all possible grammatically acceptable sentences of a language. The rules are commonly expressed as formulas composed of symbols standing for linguistic units and operations.

Transformational Grammar -- A type of grammar (usually generative, q.v.) which explains certain constructions as being derived from others by processes of structural change without change of meaning (i.e., by transformations).

<u>Usage (Functional Grammar)</u> -- The study and teaching of the ways of which certain selected features of a language, especially those not "system-centered" or covered by general rules, are employed (the descriptive approach) or should be employed (the prescription approach). The features may be grammatical, lexical, or other, and they may be seen in relation to (1) the social or esthetic milieu (e.g., illiterate, common, and cultivated) and (2) the use they are put to (e.g., conversation, or formal address). In school practice, where a standard form of the language is to be inculcated, the prescriptive approach necessarily obtains; this is acceptable, however, if prescriptions are soundly based on accurate descriptions.

History of the English Language -- The study of the ways in which the Anglo-Saxon dialects transplanted to Britain in the fifth century A.D. developed in the course of time into the language called "English", today. Any or all aspects of the broad subject are included, but attention centers especially on the "outer history" (the influence of nonlinguistic factors such as social and political change) and the "inner history" (the processes of general language change as they affected this specific language).



Secondary Courses

American Literature -- The study of selected American literary works of various types. Such subject matter is usually related to the development of distinctive qualities of the national literature through the use of writers of indigenous materials. The study may be conducted within an historical framework or within an organization by themes or by literary types.

English Literature -- The study of selected English literary works of various types. These works can be approached within successive histor'cal periods of English history with attention to differences in the cultural settings and varying styles of literary expression.

World Literature -- The study of selected literary works of Western and Eastern cultural origin from ancient times to the present. Such study frequently includes religious and philosophic works which have literary excellence.

Modern Literature -- The study of selected modern literary works of prose and poetry in relation to recurring literary themes, contemporary topics, style, and comparison (literary criticism). Selections should not duplicate those of the three preceding courses.

<u>Biography</u> -- The study of the lives of persons in narrative accounts which have stylistic and other formal qualities that make them noteworthy as literary works. Weachniques of presentation have been developed through the ages; and many of

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these have aimed to reveal the character of the subject as well as the facts of his life. Biographies often serve to satisfy young peoples' search for ideals and values.

Drama -- The study of a type of literature distinguished by plot, setting, theme, and characters engaged in movement and dialogue. It is distinguished from narrative by being a direct presentation of action. The main types and styles of dramatic literature usually studied are: tragedy, comedy, melodrama, farce, social drama of ideas; classical, romantic, realistic, impressionistic, and expressionistic. The structure of a drama, its plot, and the techniques by which character is revealed are primary items for consideration in the study of a drama. Dramas are often expressions of a philosophy or social point of view of the dramatist, and often serve as excellent revelations of the temper of a historical period or of a culture. Appreciation of the literary qualities of a drama may be enhanced by its being read as an artistic creation intended for performance on a stage.

<u>Fiction</u> — The study of short stories and novels with special attention to point of view, plot, character, setting, and theme. Frequently teachers select fictional works in accordance with their suitability for pupils' developmental levels and their needs and interests.

Poetry -- The study of literary selections which are characterized by rhythm, imagery, words chosen for their connotative values, and varied figures of speech, especially similes and metaphors; they may or may not have rhyme. Poems may be studied by types, or they may be arranged by theme and studied in relation to theme. They sometimes are studied within an historical framework of literary periods; when studied in such contexts they may be considered as expressions of the spirit of the era in which they were written. However, they have most frequently been regarded as revelations of writers' emotions and ideas.



Secondary Courses

<u>Composition</u> -- Learning activities concerned with the art of selecting, combining, and arranging words in connected discourse, oral or written.

Advanced Composition -- A sequence of learning activities in composition for accelerated students.

Semantics (General) -- The body of principles sometimes included for study and application in composition courses. The primary purpose of general semantics as a discipline, or as a point of view, in the field of communication is to improve language habits so that verbal symbols correspond more exactly to persons, things, and events on the nonverbal or fact level. It is the study of evaluative processes, the ways in which a person interprets his language. Attention is usually given to: factual as distinguished from inferential statements; multivalues in nature as distinguished from two-valued orientation in the language of writers or speakers; verbal abstractions as distinguished from low-order terms; indexing or noting differences so as to avoid stereotyping; dating so as to avoid rigidity; emotive language and its effects on human behavior; the distinction between a thing and its label or name; and the contexts of language.

Creative Writing -- Subject matter and experiences designed to develop knowledge, understanding, and skills involved in a form of writing that is free and independent and expresses the interest of and provides satisfaction to the writer.

Journalism -- The study and practice of writing, editing, and publishing newspapers and other periodicals. Instruction usually emphasizes reporting and feature and editorial writing.

<u>Speech</u> -- The study of the practical arts of speaking as revealed in the variety of forms and functions evident in public discourse. Emphasized are speech-making (composition and delivery), audience analysis and listening behavior, persuasion, discussion, parliamentary procedure, speech criticism, and the history of rhetoric and public address.

Debate -- Study and practice in the discovery, selection, analysis, organization, -- esentation of evidence and argument for and against a proposition, often compared to the discovery of the selection of the discovery of the selection of the se

ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS

BUSINESS ENGLISH

Business English — Language, speaking, and writing experiences related to future occupations of students of a given school, for boys as 1 ll as girls. Programs should include activities such as appropriate oral language experiences (interviews, selling, business telephone techniques, receptionist, secretarial, shop, office, and agri-business routines); business correspondence (including letters, office forms, business reports, etc.); reading (literature, biographies, career literature, interpreting business charts and business magazines); and individual or small group experiences in appropriate business establishments.



Loretto High School Experimental English Program Louisville, Kentucky

Grades 10-12

1970



EXPERIMENTAL ENGLISH PROGRAM AT LORETTO HIGH SCHOOL, LOUISVILLE

The new English curriculum at Loretto High School in Louisville is one result of the general search for individualization in learning at the secondary level. Loretto is a small four-year high school of about 270 girls. Since it is not college preparatory, material must be provided for the 60% of the students who will not go to college as well as for those who will go. Most girls come from families in which parents' education is limited to upper grade or high school background. Our English department consists of two and one-half teachers. Because the school is small, any attempt at grouping, whether homogeneous or arbitrary, has been unsatisfactory; seldom were more than two divisions possible, so the division at the median left an extensive ability range upward and downward. We investigated phasing, but found that in our situation it would be nothing but glorified tracking, and that was not what we wanted.

So much for our limitations. Our chief assets were well qualified teachers (even the half has an M.A. in English), and a principal who would make every effort to schedule classes so that we could experiment within them. So little by little, with a final nudge from an article in the March, 1967, ENGLISH JOURNAL written by Martha Ellison of the Kentucky Department of Education, we evolved this plan.

All incoming ninth-graders will take our conventional course, in which we have three main purposes—to help the girls discover that reading is fun, to add various types of work with mythology to the regular literature material, and to introduce a rather informal linguistics approach to language to provide the basis on which to build the whole language program. In addition, this year we are adding an experimental course called, for want of a better term, "Communications," because it will combine for the very slowest freshmen as much exciting work as we can manage in teen—age magazine—paperbacks, newspapers, film——whatever we hope will help them want to read and talk.

The other three years will be divided into six-week units (we function on a nine-week grading basis, but will cut across those dates). Each girl will thus be able to take 18 such units in her three years. Of these, thirteen are required: three of language, two of composition, eight of literature, with one more of writing and two of literature recommended for those going to college. There are certain prerequisites—Shakespeare I before II, for instance, and introductory courses in poetry, fiction, and drama before any other literature; also, all sophomores must take Language Review as their first unit. Students may enroll for a class regardless of their grade level. No attempt was made at registration to group by achievement, although interests and ability have made some natural groupings. For the final list of this year's offerings, see the accompanying chart.

To achieve more individualization, we hope to do several things. This year we are asking for two additional levels of work above class work in order to get a grade above a C. One level is participation in a school-wide reading program which has been functioning for several years; another is completing one or two major assignments connected with each unit. Besides this, capable reducats may ask for a period of independent study on some phase of English.

LORETTO -- 2

As the program goes on, we have planned to add courses like Advanced Novel, Tragedy, Comedy, or others as the students want them. Further, a flexible program of religion classes will make it possible for students to register for units outside their own scheduled English period.

We recognize some difficulties in the program, but the advantages are appealing. Besides the prime one of allowing for individualization, there are several. Groups are often quite small, 15 to 20 students. We are able to use most of the textbooks we have, except for the language courses and a couple of literature units, for which paperbacks are available. We are able to give some units what otherwise would be hard to include, e.g., the language units, a film study unit, and a single unit called Introduction to English Literature, for those who are not going to college. Teachers are able to work in their own special fields of interest; e.g., the language courses are all given by one teacher, the English literature by one, the introductory courses by one. Students may hope that their sequence will help avoid much of the usual repetition of subjects from year to year. Also-a practical point--the program did not require any special manipulation of the school schedule beyond trying to put most of the English classes at three periods of the day. Finally, the program does not seem to depend solely on the teachers who set it up, for it draws very much on traditional preparation and subject-matter.

Innovations in materials and approaches which have been planned in each unit are not strictly a part of the program, but the shift in the total approach has invited teachers to explore new methods and especially to make more use of the extraordinarily fine film collection at the Louisville Free Public Library. Probably the greatest advantage of the whole program is the eagerness it has engendered in the teachers, who are looking forward to its variety and concentration of focus--and are already planning improvements for next year.



COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

LANGUAGE COURSES

Language Review. Required as the first course for all sophomores; available to others. A short review of sentence patterns, combination into longer sentences, etc. Mastery of writing paragraphs.

word Study.

An intensive study of vocabulary--roots, prefixes, etc.; the stories of many words and phrases in the language; work with semantics, or the emotional uses of words. Recommended for sophomores.

American Dialects. How American language differences have developed; the various dialects each person speaks daily; how new words are added to our language; the development of slang, etc. Recommended in connection with American Literature Survey.

Story of the English Language. The study of how our language has developed from

its beginnings; how English differs from other languages; how
our current usages developed; dictionaries; how new words are
formed. Recommended especially for college preparatory students.

WRITING COURSES

Techniques of Composition I. Training in clear expository writing, not creative writing-how to frame a thesis sentence and develop it into a theme of several paragraphs.

Techniques of Composition II. Prerequisite: Techniques of Composition I.

Emphasis on balance and continuity, on word choice,
on developing a preasing style. The art of composition will
also be studied by using pictures and by recording the students'
own tapes.

Research Paper.

Prerequisite: Techniques of Composition 1. Choosing a topic;
becoming familiar 1.th library sources and research procedures;
mastering term-paper form. Recommended for students who plan to
continue their education.

LITERATURE COURSES

Introduction to Fiction. How to get the most out of reading short stories and novels for pleasure and understanding; novels probably Animal Farm and Lord of the Flies.

Modern Fiction.

Prerequisite: Introduction to Fiction. Short stories and novels of the 20th Century. Besides class readings, students may choose one or more authors for intensive study. Probably Hemingway, Faulkner, Thurber, Steinbeck, James, Baldwin, etc.

Advanced Novel.

Prerequisite: Introduction to Fiction. Stud, of five or six important modern and classic novels of American and England in various types--satire, mystery, etc. Students may select special novels to emphasize. Probably Power and the Glory, one by Dickens, The Loved One, Turn of the Screw, others by choice.

Probable fee \$2.00.



- Introduction to Poetry. How to read Poetry; understanding meter, figures of speech, rhythm, etc.
- Modern Poetry. Foetry up to our own time in America and England.

- Introduction to Drama. What makes a good play, with reading of Classical and modern plays. Requirement: attendance at at least one performance at a local theatre; TV plays to be assigned and studied as available. Miracle Worker; Romeo and Juliet and West Side Story; Pygmalion and My Fair Lady; Cyrano de Bergerac.
- Modern Drama.

 Prerequisite: Introduction to Drama. Important modern plays and playwrights, with emphasis on Americans. Attendance at local theatre required. Glass Menagerie, Death of a Salesman, Our Town, Green Pastures, A Man for All Seasons, one by O'Neill.

 Probable fee \$1.50.
- Shakespeare I. Prerequisite: Introduction to Drama. Introduction to theatre of Shakespeare's day; study of several plays using films and records. Taming of the Shrew; Julius Caesar; Midsummer Night's Dream.
- Shakespeare II. Prerequisite: Shakespeare I. Study of the two great tragedies, Macbeth and Hamlet. Required for seniors this year.
- Film Study.

 Prerequisite: Introduction to Drama. Standards for judging films and TV shows; knowledge of some technical language and of some history of film. N.B. A fee (probably \$2.50) will be charged for this course to cover film rentals. Not open to sophomores.
- Tragedy.

 Prerequisite: Introduction to Drama. Study of the tragic idea in some of the great plays of our culture from the Greeks on.

 Oedipus Rex; Antigone; Dr. Faustus; Ghosts. Probable fee \$1.50.
- American Literature Survey 1. Reading of the ideas that have made us what we are, with emphasis on the short story; Hawthorne's Scarlet Letter.

 This must be followed by American Literature Survey 2.
- American Literature Survey 2. 1850 to 1900 -- How Americans expressed themselves during the time of the Civil War and the Westward Movement:

 Huckleberry Finn.
- Introduction to English Literature. A course for the student who does not intend to go to college but who would like to know some of the great English writers from Chaucer on.

- English Literature Survey 1. Beginnings through the Middle Ages, including ballads, Chaucer, and the knightly romances. This must be followed by English Literature Survey 2 and 3.
- English Literature Survey 2. Elizabethan age except Shakespeare; 17th and 18th century literature; satire.
- English Literature Survey 3. The Romantic and Victorian writers, up to the 20th century.

REQUIREMENTS:

Sophomores: If you are a sophomore now, you must choose Language Review as your first unit this year. Choose your other courses with these requirements in mind. By the time you graduate you must have taken:

- Two units on language besides Language Review.
- 2. Two units on writing.
- Two units of American Literature Survey, to be taken together One unit of English literature. (Note: Three units of English Literature Survey are recommended if you wish to go to college.)

One unit on Shakespeare.

One unit on poetry.

One unit on drama.

One unit of fiction (short stories and novels),

These requirements will leave you several electives. It would be useful for sophomores to take the introductory courses in poetry, drama, and fiction this year, as then they will be equipped to choose any course in the next two years.

Juniors: If you are a junior now, by the time you graduate you must have completed the following requirements:

- Two units of language.
- Two units of writing. 2.
- 3. Two units of American Literature Survey, to be taken together. One unit of English literature. (Note: Three units of English Literature Survey are recommended if you wish to go to college)

One unit of Shakespeare.

One unit of poetry or irama or fiction.

As you will notice in the course descriptions, introductory courses are required before any other course in poetry, fiction, or drama. However, this year the sophomore classes you have completed will be considered as such introductory courses. Therefore in registering, you will not have to be concerned about prerequisites, although you may take those courses if you wish.

Seniors:

If you are a senior now, by the time you graduate you must have completed the following requirements:

- 1. One unit on writing--Techniques of Composition II or Research Paper (recommended for those who are continuing their education)
- 2. The Story of the English Language.
- 3. Ce unit on English Literature. (Note: Three units of English Literature Survey are recommended if you plan to go to college.)

Shakespeare II

COURSE DESCRIPTIONS, Cont.

Independent Study. A six-week unit, or a few weeks within another unit. Students who have shown their ability to pursue independent study may choose to do work on some aspect of literature or language which particularly interests them.



	7th PERIOD	6th PERIOD	5th PERIOD	4th FERIOD	3rd PERIOD	2nd PERIOD	1st PERIOD	Period		
	Language Review Amer.Lit.Survey 1 Modern Drama	Intro. to fiction	Intro. to Eng.Lit.	SOPHOMORE RELIGION FIRST SEMESTER	JUNIOR AND SOP	Lenguage Review Amer.Lit.Survey 1 Eng.Lit.Survey 1 Tech. of Comp. II Shakespeare II	Eng.Lit Survey 1 Amer.Lit.Survey 1 Story of Eng.Lang. Tech. of Comp. II	UNITS FUR SIX-WEEK CHOICES 1 2		
	Tech. of Comp.I Amer.Lit.Survey 2 Advanced Novel Amer.Dialects	Intro. to drama	Shakespeare II		TION FIRST SEMESTE	HOMORE RELIGION FIRST SEMESTER	Intro. to drama Amer.Lit.Survey 2 Eng.Lit.Survey 2 Story of Eng.Lang. Intrc. to fiction	Eng.Lit.Survey 2 Amer.Lit.Survey 2 Amer. Dialects Research Paper	EEK CHOICES	
	Intro. to drama Tuch. of Comp. II Modern Poetry	Intro. to poetry	Story of Eng.Lang.			Tech.of Comp. I Shakespeare I Eng.Lit.Jurvey 3 Amer. Dialects Research Paper	Eng.Lit.Survey 3 Modern Fiction Shakespeare II Tech. of Comp. II	ω		
	Amer.Lit.Survey 1 Word Study Shakespeare I Tech. of Comp. II	SOPHOMOI	Tech. of Comp. II	Intro. to poetry	Story of Eng.Lang. Tech. of Comp. II Advanced Novel	Amer.Lit.Survey l Eng.Lit.Survey l Intro. to poetry Tech. of Comp. II	Eng.Lit.Survey 1 Amer.Lit.Survey 1 Amer. Dialects Shakespeare II	*		
	Amer.Lit.Survey 2 Amer. Dialects Intro. to poetry	SOPHOMORE RELIGIONSECOND SEMESTER	Modern Drama	Intro. to fiction	Modern Drama Tech. of Comp. II Tragedy	Amer.Lit.Survey 2 Eng.Lit.Survey 2 Shakespeare II Word Study	Eng.LLSurvey 2 Amer.Lit.Survey 2 Story of Eng.Lang. Modern Drama	5		
ERIC.	Film Study Modern Fiction Tech. of Comp.)	SEMESTER	Film Study	Intro. to drama	Modern Fiction Intro. to poetry	Film Study Eng.Lit.Survey 3 Intro. to fictio Modern irama	Eng.Lit.Survey 3 Modern Poetry Film Study Research Paper	110	106	

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